

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2013

GCSE Biology (5BI3H) Paper 01

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- For questions worth more than one mark, the answer column shows how partial credit can be allocated. This has been done by the inclusion of part marks eg (1).
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

## **Quality of Written Communication**

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- Write legibly, with accurate spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- Select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- Organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

•

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	<b>B</b> ⊠ courtship		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	avoid injury / do not waste energy	avoid a fight idea of dominance / submission feels threatened  Ignore: female will pick the biggest antlers / respect	(1)
		biggest airtiers / respect	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking</li> <li>protection (of female during birth / of young) / concealment (1)</li> </ul>	safer camouflaged	
	<ul> <li>from predators / until strong enough (to fend for itself) (1)</li> </ul>	weather	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c) (i)	A description including two of the following  • can eat plants which contain tannins (1)  • larger food supply (1)	get more food / less likely to starve / won't starve	
	<ul> <li>plants not consumed by other herbivores / less competition from other herbivores / animals (1)</li> </ul>		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c) (ii)	<ul><li>A description including</li><li>(flower) attracts insects (1)</li></ul>	attraction can be specific in terms of colour, size or scent or nectar or pollen	
	<ul> <li>which pollinate the flower         <ul> <li>(1)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Idea that insect - flower relationship is specific (1)</li> </ul>	fertilise / reproduce for pollinate e.g. bee and bee orchid	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)	Gametes correctly labelled (1) X X X Y	XXYX	
	Female zygote X X Male zygote X Y (1)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)	A ⊠ enzymes to help get through the membrane of the egg cell		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)	to supply / contain (a large amount of) nutrients / energy (for the zygote / embryo)	food /named nutrient  Ignore references to foetus Reject baby	(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
2(d)	An explanation linking <b>two</b> of the following:  • rising oestrogen levels (1)  • (stimulate production of) LH (1)  • (LH) levels increase / when it reaches a set level /	accept high oestrogen levels / oestrogen peaks / oestrogen released	(2)
	peaks (which causes ovulation) (1)		

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number 2(e)	An explanation linking:		
2(0)	Uterus lining maintained/     thickened (more) (1)	Reject: repairs	
	With one of:		
	<ul> <li>Because progesterone levels maintained / progesterone is still produced</li> </ul>		(2)
	So that the embryo can embed on it / So that the uterus lining can supply the embryo with nutrients		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(i)	(1600 + 1000) - (1400 + 200) Or 2600 - 1600 Or (1600 - 1400) + (1000 - 200) or 200 + 800 (1)	2 marks for bald answer	
	= 1000	- 1000	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	Description including <b>two</b> of the following:		
	<ul> <li>no (overall) / little effect on cases of meningitis B (1)</li> </ul>	fluctuates a little / rises and then goes slightly down	
	<ul> <li>(significant overall)     decrease in meningitis C     (1)</li> </ul>		(2)
	<ul> <li>correct manipulation of data (1)</li> </ul>		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	<b>A</b> ⊠ antigens		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)(i)	A description linking three of the following  inject mammal / named mammal with antigen (1)	Accept animal for mammal	
	<ul> <li>(select) B lymphocytes / lymphocyte that produces the (specific) antibody / spleen cells(1)</li> </ul>	Accept B cells	
	<ul> <li>fuse with tumour / myeloma cells (1)</li> </ul>	Accept cancer cells	
	• (to produce a) <u>hybridoma</u> (which divide)(1)		
	<ul> <li>antibodies are isolated / screened(1)</li> </ul>	Ignore antibodies produced	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)(ii)	An explanation linking <b>two</b> of the following:  • antibody (only) attach to cancer cell (1)  • drug / radioactive source / toxin bound to antibody / alerts immune system to target cancer cells (1)		
	<ul> <li>no / fewer adverse effect to non cancerous cells (1)</li> </ul>	Accept named effect	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)	13 (1)	Two marks for correct bald answer	
	65 (%)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)	innate / instinctive / inherited	Kinesis Ignore positive / negative Reject taxis	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(i)	An explanation linking <b>three</b> of the following:		
	<ul> <li>the squirrels are marking their territory (1)</li> </ul>	Accept area for territory	
	<ul> <li>using chemical markers / chemical signals / pheromones / scent (1)</li> </ul>		
	which reduces conflict (1)	Keep other squirrels away / out	
	<ul><li>reduces competition /</li></ul>	Ignore comments re scaring predators away / attracting mates / finding way home.	
	results in more food for these squirrels / the offspring (1)		(3)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(c)(ii)	B habituation		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c) (iii)	A description including three of the following:  • random / chance behaviour (1)  • (specific / repeated) behaviour rewarded (1)  • animal associates (reward with behaviour) (1)  • behaviour reinforced (1)  • (eventually) behaviour occurs without reward / infrequent reward / learned behaviour(1)	Credit: operant behaviour in context of squirrels or other animals  Trial and error behaviour	
		Accept operant condition in terms of negative reinforcement / punishment	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(i)	C 🗵 Fusarium		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(ii)	20 and 13.5 OR 40 and 27 (1) = 13.0	2 marks for correct bald answer	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(a)(iii)	higher in fibre / source of fibre /	high in fibre	
	lower in fat (than minced beef)	lower in saturated fat / cholesterol	
		Reject references to more salt / less protein Ignore refs to more carbohydrate	(1)

grow / reproduce quickly	
Ignore references to cheaper unless qualified  accept animals are not harmed in production	(2)
	unless qualified  accept animals are not harmed in

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
Questi Numbe QWC		Indicative Content  An explanation including some of the following points:  • water (cooling) jacket • temperature probe • to maintain an optimum temperature  • inlet pipes for nutrients eg ammonia • to supply microorganism with food source eg materials to make proteins  • oxygen pumped in • for aerobic microorganisms or aerobic respiration • carbon dioxide removed	Mark
Leve	0	<ul> <li>pH probe</li> <li>alkali added to raise pH</li> <li>maintain optimum pH</li> <li>paddles</li> <li>to evenly distribute nutrients, oxygen and break up clumps of microorganisms</li> <li>aseptic conditions</li> <li>to prevent contamination of the fermenter</li> <li>reduce competition</li> </ul> No rewardable content	(6)
1	1 - 2	<ul> <li>a limited explanation which includes one feature of a fermenter with its justification, or two features of a fermenter or two justifications</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> </ul>	
2	3 - 4	<ul> <li>a simple explanation which includes at least two features of the fermenter with justification for their use</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>a detailed explanation which includes at least four features of the fermenter with justification for their use</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors</li> </ul>	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(a) (i)	flavonoids / bioflavonoids	anthocyanins antioxidants	(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(a) (ii)	A ⊠ a gene from another		(1)
	species		

Question		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*6 (b)	A description including some of the following points  genetic modification  • transferring a gene from one organism to another  • restriction enzymes to cut the gene out  • plasmids used to carry gene  • sticky ends to join complementary bases  • ligase to join the DNA  use of Agrobacterium  • Agrobacterium is a vector (for the gene)  • the Agrobacterium has a suitable gene added to it  • example of a suitable gene eg drought resistance  / insect resistance / larger yield / for flavonoids  • Agrobacterium naturally invades plant cells  • its DNA is incorporated into the plant's DNA  production of plants  • plant sprayed with Agrobacterium  • crown gall (formed)  • crown gall is cut into small pieces  • leaf discs are incubated with Agrobacterium	
		<ul> <li>(crown gall tissue / leaf discs) grown in tissue culture</li> <li>explants</li> <li>grown into crops</li> </ul>	(6)
Level	evel 0 No rewardable content		
1	1 - 2	<ul> <li>a limited description of at least one of the areas involved in creating transgenic plants. Steps may be missing or out of sequence.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> </ul>	
2	3 - 4	<ul> <li>a simple description of at least two of the areas involved in creating transgenic plants or a detailed description of one area involved in creating transgenic plants</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy</li> </ul>	
3	5 - 6	<ul> <li>a detailed description of the genetic modification, use and production of transgenic plants. Steps should be in sequence.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors</li> </ul>	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Question Number 6(c)	An explanation of one advantage for two marks  • crop produces a toxin that kills insects (that eat plant) (1) • so less damage by insect / increased crop yield (1) • less man-made chemicals used / specific to pests / less pollution (1)  An explanation of one disadvantage for two marks  • cross pollination / fertilisation with other plants (species) (1) • producing weeds that contain the toxin(1) • non target organisms may be affected (1)  OR  • idea of large areas of monocultures (1) • reduction in insect numbers / biodiversity (1) • negative impact on food chains (1)  OR  • GM crops cost more (1)	accept references to ICP accept does not kill other insects	Mark (4)
	<ul> <li>GM crops cost more (1)</li> <li>Farmers cannot afford them / become reliant on them (1)</li> </ul>		

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