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Human nervous system

Question Paper 1

Level	GCSE (9-1)	
Subject	Biology	
Exam Board	AQA	
Topic	4.5 Homeostasis and Response	
Sub-Topic	Human nervous system	
Difficulty Level	Bronze Level	
Booklet	Question Paper 1	

Time Allowed: 55 minutes

Score: /54

Percentage: /100

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Q1.Two students investigated reflex action times.

This is the method used.

- 1. Student **A** sits with his elbow resting on the edge of a table.
- Student B holds a ruler with the bottom of the ruler level with the thumb of Student A.
- 3. Student **B** drops the ruler.
- 4. Student **A** catches the ruler and records the distance.
- 5. Steps 1 to 4 are then repeated.

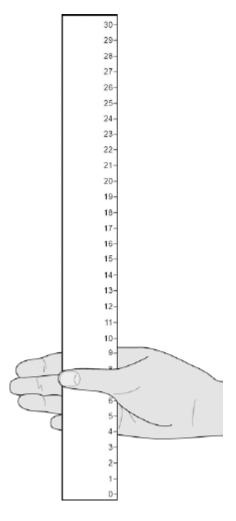
The same method was also used with Student **A** dropping the ruler and Student **B** catching the ruler.

a)	Give two variables the students controlled in their investigation.	
	1	
	2	
		(2)

(b) Figure 1 shows one of the results for the Student A.

Figure 1

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What is the reading shown in **Figure 1**?

Reading on ruler =cm

(1)

(c) **Table 1** shows the students' results.

Table 1

Test number	Distance ruler dropped in cm			
Humber	Student A	Student B		
1	9	12		
2	2	13		

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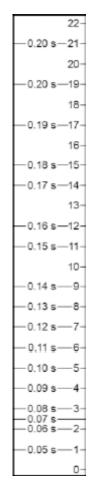
Mean	7	Х
5	7	8
4	7	9
3	6	13

	Circle the anomalous result in Table 1 for Student A.	(1)
(d)	What is the median result for Student B ?	
	Tick one box.	
	8	
	11	
	12	
	13	
		(1)
(e)	Calculate the value of X in Table 1 .	
	Mean distance ruler dropped =cm	(1)

(f) Figure 2 shows the scale used to convert distance of the ruler drop to reaction time.

Figure 2

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Calculate how much faster the reaction time of Student **A** was compared to Student **B**.

Use **Figure 2** and **Table 1**.

Answer =s

(2)

(g) What improvement could the students make to the method so the results are more valid?

Tick one box.

Use alternate hands when catching the ruler

Carry out more repeats

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Use a longer ruler for catching	
Use more than two students to collect results	

(1)

(h) Student **A** carried out a second investigation to see the effect of caffeine on the reflex action.

Table 2 shows his results.

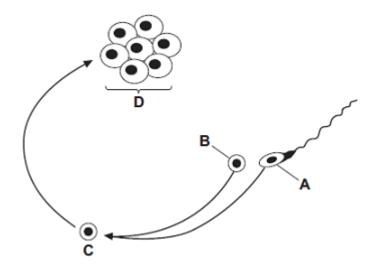
Table 2

Test	Distance ruler dropped in cm		
number	Without caffeine	With caffeine	
1	9	5	
2	6	5	
3	9	4	
4	6	7	
5	10 4		
Mean	8	5	

Give one conclusion about the effect of caffeine on reflex actions.	
	(1) (Total 10 marks)

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Q2.The diagram shows some of the stages in IVF (in vitro fertilisation).



(a) Use words from the box to name structures A, B, C and D.

	egg	embryo	fertilised egg	ovary	sperm	
	Structure	A				
	Structure	В				
	Structure	C				
	Structure	D				(4)
(b)	What do	doctors do next with	n structure D ?			
						(2)
(c)	The table	gives statistics for	an IVF clinic.			

Age of women treated

	Below 35 years	35 – 37 years	38 – 39 years	40 – 42 years
Number of women treated	414	207	106	53
Number of women who produced one baby	90	43	17	1
Number of women who produced twins	24	8	4	1
Number of women who produced triplets	1	0	0	0

f wom triplet	en who s	1	0	0	0	
(i)	or more babie	es?		ged 35 – 37 yea	rs produced one	•
	Draw a ring a	round your ansv	ver.			
	one qua	arter on	e third	half		(1)
(ii)	This clinic do	es not give IVF t	reatment to wom	nen over 42 year	s of age.	
	Use data fron	n the table to exp	olain why.			
						(2)
(iii)		e which regulate ed in each treatn	es IVF treatment nent.	now advises tha	t only one	
	Suggest one	reason for this.				
						(1)
					(Total 10 m	

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Q3.The body controls internal conditions.

(a) Use words from the box to complete the sentences about water loss from the body.

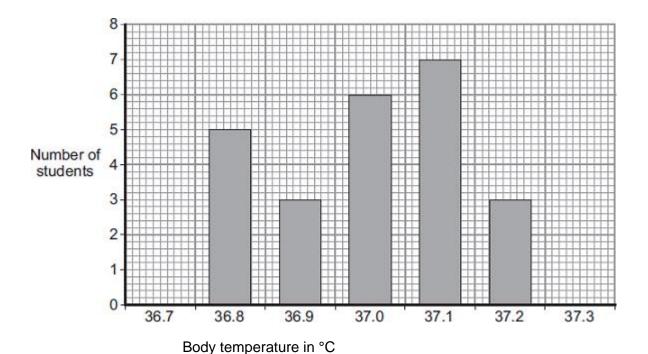
kidneys liver	lungs	skin
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(i) Water is lost in sweat via the

(1)

(b) Students investigated body temperature in the class.

The bar chart shows the results.



(i) One student used the bar chart to calculate the mean body temperature of the

	(Total 7 m	(1) arks)
	Why?	
(iii)	Body temperature must be kept within a narrow range.	
		(1)
(ii)	How many students had a body temperature higher than the mean of 37.0 °C	
		(2)
	How did the student use the bar chart to calculate the mean?	
	class. The student calculated the mean body temperature as 37.0 °C.	

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Q4.Human body temperature must be kept within narrow limits.

The image shows a cyclist in a race.



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(a) Use the correct answer from the box to complete each sentence.

blood	brain	kidney	sweat	urine
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(3)

(b) (i) Cyclists drink sports drinks after a race.

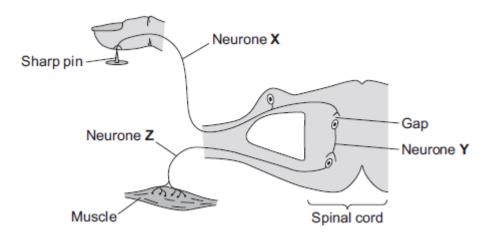
The table below shows the ratio of glucose to ions in three sports drinks, ${\bf A},\,{\bf B}$ and ${\bf C}.$

	Sports drink		
	Α	В	С
Ratio of glucose (g per dm3) to ions (mg per dm³)	15:14	12:1	2:7

	The closer this ratio of glucose to ions is to 1:1 in a sports drink, the faster the body replaces water.	
	Which sports drink, A , B or C , would replace water fastest in an athlete?	(1)
(ii)	Why should sports drinks contain ions?	
(iii)	Why should a person with diabetes not drink too much sports drink?	(1)
	(Total 6 m	(1) narks)

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Q5.The diagram below shows the pathway for a simple reflex action.



(a) What type of neurone is neurone X?

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

motor neurone relay neurone sensory neurone (1)

- (b) There is a gap between neurone **X** and neurone **Y**.
 - (i) What word is used to describe a gap between two neurones?Draw a ring around the correct answer.

effector receptor synapse (1)

(ii) Draw a ring around the correct answer to complete the sentence.

a chemical.

Information passes across the gap as an electrical impulse.

pressure.

(1)

(c)	Describe what happens to the muscle when it receives an impulse from ne How does this reflex action help the body?	urone Z .
	What happens to the muscle	
	How this helps the body	•
		(2) (Total 5 marks)

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Q6.Humans use the nervous system to react to changes in the environment.

(a) (i) Which word means a change in the environment?

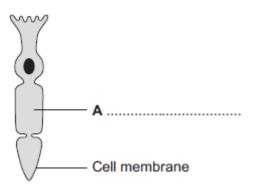
Draw a ring around the correct answer.

neurone reflex stimulus

(1)

(ii) Figure 1 shows a light receptor cell.

Figure 1



Use the correct answer from the box to label part A on Figure 1.

chloroplast cytoplasm vacuole	
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(1)

(b) **Figure 2** shows a boy riding a bicycle on a sunny day.

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Figure 2



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(i) Receptors in the boy's body detect changes in the environment.

Complete the table to show which organ of the body contains the receptors for each change in the environment.

Change in the environment	Organ that contains the receptors
Sound of traffic from behind him	
Flashing blue lights of a police car	
Cooler air temperature in the shadows	

(3)

(ii) The boy's response to danger is to pull on the bicycle brakes.

Which type of effector causes this response?

Tick (✓) one box.

A gland

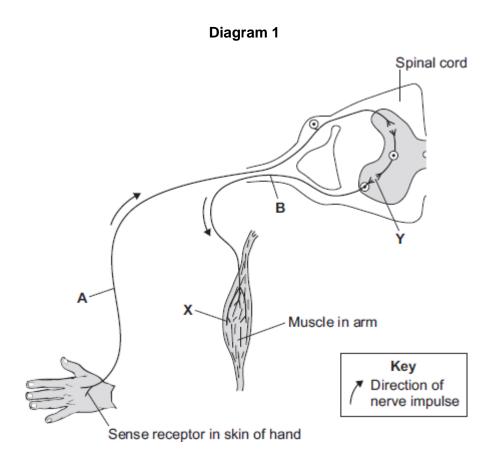
A muscle

		_		_	
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A synapse		
		(1) (Total 6 marks)

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Q7.(a) **Diagram 1** shows the neurones and parts of the body involved in a response to touching a hot object.



A neurone is a nerve cell. Neurones carry impulses around the body.

(i) Draw a ring around the correct answer to complete each sentence.

motor neurone.

Neurone **A** is a relay neurone.

sensory neurone.

At point Y there is a tiny gap between two neurones called

an effector.

		a receptor.	
		a synapse.	
			(2)
(ii)	The hand touches a hot object. An impulse travels through the to the muscle (point \mathbf{X}). The muscle moves the hand away from		
	What does the muscle do to move the hand away from the hot	object?	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	contract		
	relax		
	stretch		
			(1)
(iii)	The action described in part (a) (ii) is a reflex action.		
	How can you tell that this action is not a conscious action?		
	Use information from the diagram.		
			(1)
(iv)	Reflex actions like this are useful.		
	Explain why.		

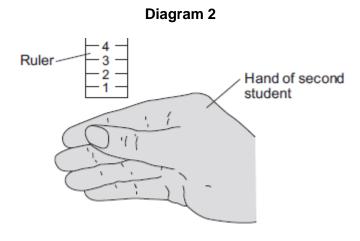
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•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	(2)
	(2)

(b) Some students investigated the effect of caffeine on a person's reaction time.

The students used the following steps.

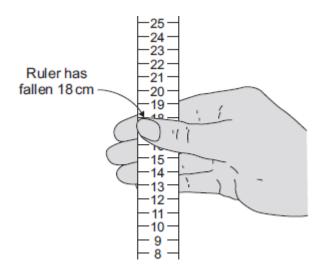
1. One student held a ruler just above a second student's hand, as shown in **Diagram 2**.



2. The student let go of the ruler. The second student caught it as soon as possible, as shown in **Diagram 3**.

Diagram 3

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- 3. The students repeated this experiment seven more times.
- The student catching the ruler then drank a cup of strong coffee.
 Coffee contains caffeine.
- 5. Fifteen minutes after drinking the coffee the students repeated steps 1 to 3.

Table 1 and Table 2 show the students' results.

Table 1

Distance ruler fell before it was caught in cm
Before drinking coffee
18
21
25
15
19
16

Table 2

Distance ruler fell before it was caught in cm
After drinking coffee
8
13
11
17
10
14

Mean = 18.4	Mean = 12.4
21	13
12	13

(i)	The students used the reading on the ruler as a measure of the reaction time.	
	What do the results show about the effect of caffeine on reaction time?	
		443
		(1)
(ii)	Look carefully at all the data in Table 1 and Table 2.	
	Using the data in Table 1 and Table 2 , give one reason why a scientist may not accept your conclusion in part (b) (i) .	
		(1)
		(1)
(iii)	How could the students improve their investigation?	
	Suggest two ways.	
	1	
	2	
		(2)
	(Total 10 m	(2) arks)