CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9702	31	
(a) Value of L_0 in range 0.045 m–0.070 m (4.5 to 7.0 cm). If out of range, compare to Supervisor's value \pm 20%.						
(b) ((b) (iii) Value of $L > L_0$.					
(c)	Six sets of readings of m and L scores 5 marks, five sets scores 4 marks, etc. Incorrect trend then -1 . Correct trend is L decreases as m increases for all m values. Major help from Supervisor -2 . Minor help from Supervisor -1 .					
	Range: at least one value of m less than 200 g and one value more than 200 g.			[1]		
	Column handings			[1]		
	Column headings: Each column heading must contain a quantity and an appropriate unit. The presentation of quantity and unit must conform to accepted scientific convention e.g. θ /°, L /m, m ² /kg ² , e/m, e ² (m ²).				ne	
	Consistency: All values of L must be given to the nearest mm only.			[1]		
	Significant figures: Significant figures for every row of m^2 same as (or one greater than) the s.f. in as recorded in table.				<i>m</i> [1]	
	Calculation: Values of e^2 calculated correctly to the number of significant figures given by the candidate.			[1] ne		
(d)	(i)	Scal grap Scal	s: sible scales must be used, no awkward scales (e.g. 3: es must be chosen so that the plotted points occup th grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. es must be labelled with the quantity that is being plott e markings should be no more than three large square	y at least half the	[1] ne	
		All o Dian	ting of points: bservations must be plotted. neter of plots must be ≤ half a small square (no "blobs k to an accuracy of half a small square.	").	[1]	
			lity: oints in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this matter of points must be less than $\pm0.0005\text{m}^2$ of e^2 from		[1] d.	
	(ii)	Judg 5 po along Allow	of best fit: ge by balance of all points on the grid about the candidints). There must be an even distribution of points eiting the full length. wone anomalous point only if clearly indicated by the omegan must not be kinked or thicker than half a small square	her side of the line candidate.		

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Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(iii)	Gradient: The hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half th line. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small squar directions. The method of calculation must be correct.	_	
		y-intercept: Either: Check correct read-off from a point on the line $y = mx + c$. Read-off must be accurate to half a small square in both Or: Check read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.		[1] o
(e)		 value of the gradient and Q = value of the y-intercept. not allow fractions. Do not allow substitution methods. 		[1]
(f)	Che	eck substitution and value of $\it M$ in range 0.100–0.500 kg $\it v$	with unit.	[1]
				[Total: 20]
2 (b)	(ii)	Value of x in the range 25.0–35.0 cm with unit.		[1]
		x to the nearest mm		[1]
(iii)	Absolute uncertainty in <i>x</i> in range 2 mm–5 mm. If repeated readings have been taken, then the uncerrange (not zero) only if working shown. Correct method of calculation to obtain percentage uncertainty of the contract of		[1] e
(c)	(ii)	Value of <i>T</i> with unit. Evidence of repeats.		[1] [1]
(iii)	Correct calculation of f.		[1]
(d)	(ii)	Second value of x . Second value of T . Second value of $T < $ first value of T .		[1] [1] [1]
(e)	(i)	Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
1	(ii)	Justification of significant figures in k linked to significant figures. (Do not allow "raw readings".)	cant figures in <i>x</i> an	d [1]
(iii)	<u>Valid</u> comment relating to the calculated values of criterion specified by the candidate.	k, testing against	a [1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(f)	(i) Limitations (4 max)	(ii) Improvements (4 max)	Do not credit
A	Two readings not enough to draw a conclusion.	Take more readings for different lengths <u>and</u> plot a graph or take more readings <u>and</u> compare <i>k</i> values.	Not enough repeat readings. Few readings. Idea of repeats. "Too few readings/two readings" on its own.
В	Difficulty linked to timing with reason, e.g. time small/short/vibrates fast/high frequency/oscillates fast/swings fast. or Large uncertainty in time with reason. or Human reaction time with reason, e.g. short time.	Improved method of timing, e.g. video with timer/video and view frame by frame/light gate placed at the centre/motion sensor at side of blade (to timer/datalogger display).	"Human errors/reaction time" on their own. "Light gate" on its own. Moves fast. Video and playback. Fans. Longer blade. Simultaneous release of blade and start timer. Amplitude. High speed camera or slow motion cameras.
С	Unevenness of oscillation or G-clamp moving.	Improved method of smoother oscillation, e.g. use of wooden block either side of hacksaw blade. Method of fixing G-clamp, e.g. clamp G-clamp (to table).	
D	Difficulty judging centre of masses (due to slots).	Use masses without slots/ measure to the top and bottom and average.	Blu Tack. Masses different heights.
Е	Difficult to measure <i>x</i> with reason, e.g. difficult to know where to start <i>x</i> as jaws of clamp are rounded/blade may not be vertical (due to clamp).	Improved method to measure x , e.g. description of use of set square	Uncertainty in metre rule. Parallax error.
F	Small range for <i>x</i> for measurable times		

[Total: 20]