

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education

Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
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**PHYSICS** 9702/34

Paper 32 Advanced Practical Skills 2

May/June 2010

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

As listed in the Confidential Instructions. Additional Materials:

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

#### Answer both questions.

You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of one hour for each question.

You are expected to record all your observations as soon as these observations are made, and to plan the presentation of the records so that it is not necessary to make a fair copy of them.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

Additional answer paper and graph paper should be submitted only if it becomes necessary to do so.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
Total		

This document consists of **9** printed pages and **3** blank pages.



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## You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

For Examiner's Use

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate the length of a loaded spring as the load is varied.
  - (a) Measure and record the length *L* of the metal rod.

L =	 	m

(b) (i) Support the rod as shown in Fig. 1.1.

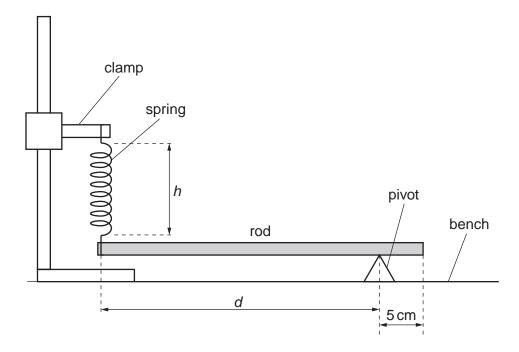


Fig. 1.1

- (ii) Adjust the position of the pivot so that it is approximately 5 cm from the free end of the rod.
- (iii) Adjust the clamp so that the rod is horizontal and the spring is vertical.
- **(c)** Measure and record the length *h* of the coiled part of the spring and the distance *d* from the pivot to the point where the spring is attached to the rod.

r	<b>)</b> =	m

(d)		peat <b>(b)(iii)</b> and <b>(c)</b> for different positions of the pivot along the rod until you have six s of readings of <i>d</i> and <i>h</i> . Include values of 1/ <i>d</i> in your table of results.	For Examiner's Use
(e)	(i)	Plot a graph of h on the y-axis against $\frac{1}{d}$ on the x-axis.	
	(ii)	Draw the line of best fit.	
	(iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.	
		gradient =	
		<i>y</i> -intercept =	

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	6	
(f)	It is suggested that the relationship between d and h is	For Examiner's
	$h = \frac{A}{d} + B$	Use
	where A and B are constants.	
	The value of A is equal to $\frac{Wz}{k}$	
	where <i>W</i> is the weight of the rod, <i>k</i> is the spring constant of the spring  and <i>z</i> is a constant.	
	The values for W and k are given on the card.	
	Use your answer from <b>(e)(iii)</b> and the values on the card to calculate z. Give the appropriate unit.	

## You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

For Examiner's Use

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the effect of an electric current on a nearby magnet.
  - (a) A circuit has been set up for you as shown in Fig. 2.1. Do not adjust the position of the stands.

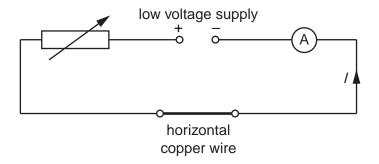


Fig. 2.1

Switch on the current. Use the variable resistor to adjust the current / to about 2A. Record your value of current.

,	•	Λ
/ =	<i>f</i>	-
•		•

**(b)** Switch off the current. Place the thread over the horizontal copper wire, so that the magnet hangs as shown in Fig. 2.2.

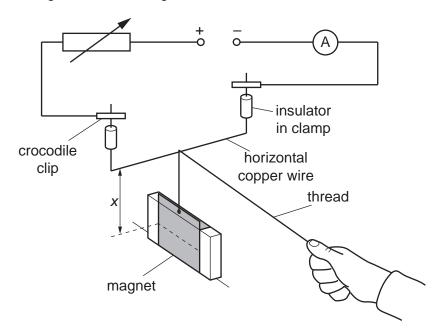


Fig. 2.2

**(c)** By moving your hand, adjust the distance *x* between the copper wire and the dotted line along the side of the magnet to about 7 cm. Record your value of *x*.

<i>x</i> =	cm	1
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(d)	Place the protractor on the bench beneath the magnet. Switch on the current. The magnet will turn through an angle. Wait until the magnet comes to rest. Measure and record the angle $\theta$ turned through by the magnet. Switch off the current.	For Examiner's Use
(e)	$\theta =$	
(f)	percentage uncertainty in $\theta$ =	
	$\theta = \dots$ (ii) Use your answers to (d) and (f)(i) to determine an average value of the magnitude of $\theta$ .	
(g)	average value of $\theta =$	
	x =	

(h)	It is	suggested that, for a given value of $\theta$ , the relationship between $I$ and $x$ is	For
		I = kx	Examiner's Use
	whe	ere <i>k</i> is a constant.	
	(i)	Using your data, calculate two values of <i>k</i> .	
		first value of $k = \dots$	
		second value of $k = \dots$	
	(ii)	Explain whether your results support the suggested relationship.	
	(iii)	Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your values of <i>k</i> .	
	(,	dustily the number of significant figures that you have given for your values of h.	

(i)	(i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure in this experiment.	For Examiner's Use
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	
	(ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.	
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	

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