Atomic Structure

Question paper 4

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Chemistry
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Single Award (Paper 2C)
Topic	Principles of Chemistry
Sub-Topic	Atomic Structure
Booklet	Question paper 4

Time Allowed: 53 minutes

Score: /44

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
>90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%

1 The table shows the numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons in some atoms and ions.

Atom or ion	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
Р	6	8	
Q	5	6	
R	9	10	10
S	3	4	
Т	6	6	

(a) (i)	Wl	nich particles have the same mass?	(1)
X	A	electrons and protons	(1)
X	В	electrons and neutrons	
X	C	neutrons and protons	
X	D	electrons, neutrons and protons	
(ii)	WI	nat is the atomic number of P?	(1)
X	Α	6	(-)
X	В	8	
X	C	12	
X	D	14	
(iii) WI	nat is the mass number of Q?	(1)
X	A	5	(1)
X	В	6	
X	C	10	
×	D	11	

(b) Which group of the Periodic Table contains element T?	(1)
(c) (i) Which two letters represent isotopes of the same element?	(1)
(ii) Which letter represents a positive ion?	
(ii) Which letter represents a positive form	(1)
(d) The diagram shows the arrangement of particles in another ion. proton neutron electron	
How does the diagram show that this ion has a negative charge?	(1)
(Total for Question 1 = 7	marks)

_					
2	An atom of an	element has ar	n atomic numbe	er of 6 and a ma	ass number of 12.

(a)	Using this information,	complete the table to show the numbers of protons,
	neutrons and electrons	in one atom of this element.

(2)

number of protons	
number of neutrons	
number of electrons	

(b) The Periodic Table shows the positions of five elements, J, Q, T, X and Z.

The letters do **not** represent the symbols for the elements.

Period	1	2		G	irou	р			3	4				0
1														
2	J													Q
3	T													
4									X		Z			
5														
6														

(i) How many electrons are there in the outer shell of an atom of X?

(1)

(ii) There are 31 protons in an atom of X.

Using this information, explain how many protons there are in an atom of Z.

(2)

(Total for Question 2 = 8 ma	rks)
difference	
similarity	
(iv) State one similarity and one difference between the electronic configurations of atoms of J and T.	(2)
(iii) What is the electronic configuration of an atom of Q?	(1)

3	The	e diag	gram s	hows	a sec	tion o	of the	Period	dic Tal	ble an	d the	symb	ols fo	r the t	first 2	0 elen	nents	
							Н											Не
	Li	Be													N	0	F	Ne
	Na	Mg				I	ı	ı		T			Al	Si	Р	S	Cl	Ar
	K	Ca																
	(a)	(i) \	What r	name	is give	en to	a hori	zonta	l row	of ele	ments	s such	as Na	a to A	r?		(1)	
	(ii) Name two metals in the row Na to Ar. (1)																	
		(iii) \	Which															
		E	Explair	n your	answ	er.											(2)	
اد	aact re	aactiv	ve elen	nont													(2)	
)															
	Дрішті																	
	(b)		e, in te					_	ions,	why t	he ele	ement	s in th	ne col	umn l	Li to K		
		have	e simila	ar che	mical	prop	erties	•									(1)	
	(c)	(i) \	Which	eleme	ent ha	as ato	mic n	umbe	r 6?								(1)	
•••		(ii) \	Which	eleme	ent ha	as ato	ms wi	th an	elect	ronic (config	uratio	on of 2	2.8.6?			(1)	

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(d) An atom has atomic number 8 and mass number 18.

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How many protons, neutrons and electrons does this atom contain?

(2)

protons

neutrons

electrons

(Total for Question 3 = 9 marks)

		4 Neor	ı is an eleme	nt with	atomic n	umber 10.		
(a) V	Vhic	h sub-atom	ic particles a	re prese	ent in the	nucleus of a n	eon atom?	(1)
X	A	electrons	and neutror	าร				(1)
X	В	electrons	and protons	5				
×	C	electrons	and neutror	ns and p	rotons			
\times	D	neutrons	and protons	5				
(b) L	Jse v	vords from	the box to co	omplete	the sent	ences about th	e particles in a nec	on atom
Е	ach	word may k	e used once	e, more t	than once	e or not at all.		
								(3)
		el	ectrons	ne	ons	nuc	otons	
Α	An at	om of neon	has no over	rall char	ge becau	se it contains e	equal numbers	
C	οτ			and				
Т	he c	hemical pro	perties of n	eon dep	end on t	he number of		
			i	in the o	uter shell			
(c) V	Vhat	is the elect	ronic config	uration (of a neor	atom?		(1)
X	A	2.8						
×	В	2.2.6						
X	C	2.8.8						
X	D	2.8.8.2						

(d)	Neon has two main isotopes that can be represented as ²⁰ Ne and ²² Ne.	
	(i) Explain, with reference to sub-atomic particles, what is meant by the term is	sotopes. (2)
	(ii) The relative atomic mass of neon is 20.2	
	How does this information support the fact that a sample of neon contains more ²⁰ Ne than ²² Ne?	
		(1)
(e)	Neon belongs to the family of noble gases and is inert.	
	(i) What is meant by the term inert ?	(1)
	(ii) Why are noble gases inert?	(1)
		_

(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)

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5 The table shows the electronic configurations of four elements.

Element	Electronic configuration
chlorine	2.8.7
argon	2.8.8
potassium	2.8.8.1
calcium	2.8.8.2

(a) Why is argon an unreactive element?	(1)

(b) Krypton is an unreactive element in the same group of the Periodic Table as argon, but in Period 4. It has an atomic number of 36.

Deduce the electronic configuration of krypton.

(1)

- **A** 2.8.8.8
- **■ B** 2.8.18.8
- **C** 2.8.8.2.8.8
- **D** 2.8.8.8.2

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(ii) Describe, in terms of electrons, how an atom of calcium reacts with two chlorine atoms to form calcium chloride. You may use a diagram in your answer. (3) (iii) Write the formula of a calcium ion. (1) (iii) In the reaction between calcium and chlorine, both oxidation and reduction occur. Which row shows the element that is oxidised and the element that acts as the reducing agent in this reaction? (1) Element that is oxidised Element that acts as the reducing agent A calcium calcium B calcium chlorine C chlorine C chlorine C chlorine	c) Cal	c) Calcium reacts with chlorine to form the ionic compound calcium chloride (CaCl ₂).							
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Element that is oxidised reducing agent □ A calcium calcium □ B calcium chlorine				Flament that acts as the					
■ B calcium chlorine			Element that is oxidised						
		⊠ A	calcium						
Chlorine calcium		⊠B	calcium	chlorine					
		⊠ C	chlorine	calcium					

chlorine

 $\boxtimes D$

chlorine

			p the platin			·	D	CI.		
			ace the wire			a lumin	ous Buns	en flame		
			cord the co							
	Des	scribe a cor	rrect metho	d for step	1 and st	tep 3.				(2)
step 1.										
sten 3										
step 3.										
(e)	Wh	at colour is	s the flame	when the	test on _l	ootassiu	m chlori	de is carri	ed out corr	ectly?
										(1)
X	Α	green								
X	В	lilac								
X	C	orange								
_	D	red								
X										