MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/32

Paper 32 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS AND OTHER MATTERS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

- <u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.
- Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures \geq 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig.fig. is appropriate.
- Units It is expected that all final answers will have correct units. Deduct one unit penalty for each incorrect or missing unit, maximum 1 per question. No unit penalty if unit is missing from final answer but is shown correctly in the working. No unit penalty for incorrect answer.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

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- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

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1	(a)	OR dista	of distance AB OR distance between highest points of weight ince along arc AB of circle OR angle between extreme positions of alf of one of the above	string C1 A1	
	(b)	note valu from ver	rotractor / ruler) ue of max angle/distance or its double) any 3 tical or halve) ce of parallax)	B1 × 3	
					[5]
2	(a)	immerse	ng cylinder with liquid statue rom difference of readings from measuring cylinder	B1 B1 B1	
		displace immerse	ment can or equivalent or beaker filled to overflowing with liquid statue volume displaced with measuring cylinder	(B1) (B1) (B1)	
	(b)		V OR 600/65 m ³ (minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies	B1 B1	
		(For gold	l) (M =) V × D OR 65 × 19 (minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies	(B1) (B1)	
			d) (V =) M / D OR 600/19 (minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies	(B1) (B1)	
			ed if justified by previous work in (a) or (b) . n wrong values above	B1	
					[6]
3	(a)	5 points	correctly plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square -1 e.e.o.o. (ignore 0,0)	B2	
	(b)	3 N one,	however identified OR 3rd value OR 4th value	B1	
	(c)	good stra	aight line through origin and candidate's remaining points	B1	
	(d)	-	ine / constant gradient ey Hooke's Law	M1 A1	
			ase: obeys Hooke's law because force \propto extension or wtte	B1	
	(e)	• •	ecomes non-linear / curves / bends eference to direction of curve or bend.	B1	

	Pa	ge 5	5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	Pape	r
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	(f)	OR	perr	e exceeded / reached proportional / elastic limit nanently deformed or equiv OR straightened have broken OR no longer elastic or wtte	B1	
						[8]
4	(a)	(i)		force marked towards centre force marked towards centre	B1 B1	
		(ii)		clearly horizontal at start to left or right horizontal <u>to the left</u> curving down to reach ground to left of A vertically down, not necessarily to reach ground	M1 B1 B1	
	(b)	Allo	ow us	e of g = 9.81 or 9.8 throughout		
		(i)	0.5	Ν	B1	
		(ii)		N or 3.1 N e.c.f. from (i) N e.c.f. from (i)	C1 A1	
						[8]
5	(a)			mgh × 3 Accept g = 9.8 or 9.81 g = 9.8 gives 352.8 J (minimum 2 s.f.) g = 9.81 gives 353.16 J (minimum 2 s.f.)	C1 C1 A1	
	(b)		=) E/t)/60 V	352.8 J gives 5.88 W 353.16 J gives 5.886 W (minimum 2 s.f.)	C1 C1 A1	[6]
						[6]
6	(a)	(i)	incre	eases	B1	
		(ii)	1.05	= const_in any form 5 (× 10 ⁵) × 860 (× 10 ⁻⁶) = p × 645 (× 10 ⁻⁶) × 10 ⁵ Pa	C1 C1 A1	
		(iii)		pA in any form accept weight for F HER increase in pressure = 0.35×10^5 (Pa) $0.35 \times 10^5 \times 5.0 \times 10^{-3}$ 175 N (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.	C1 C1 C1 A1	
			OR	1.05 × 10 ⁵ × 5.0 × 10 ⁻³ or 525 N or 1.4 × 10 ⁵ × 5.0 × 10 ⁻³ or 700 N 700 – 525 N e.c.f. from (a) (ii) 175 N (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.	(C1) (C1) (A1)	

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	(b) ((i) incre	eases							B1	
	(i	ii) no c	change							B1	
	(ii	ii) extra	a weight (o	n tray/pistor	ı)					B1	
	(i	v) incre	eases							B1	
										[[12]
7	((EITHER copper copper constant		OR constantan constantan copper						B1	
			meter OR <u>al</u> voltmete		ter OR	<u>milli</u> an	meter OR	<u>digital</u> ammet	ər	B1	
	s s r l c t	small the remote re large ran data logo takes ter	ea asure high / ermal capa reading nge ging / conti mperature o	low tempera city (idea of) nuous monit of a surface or wtte not a	oring pos)))) ;sible))	any 1			B1	
											[3]
8	(a) 2	2 cm (by	[,] eye) vertio	cal object so	mewhere		en F_2 and ler one no O, if			B1	
							polation nee	ded)		B1	
			• •	olated <u>back</u> t n at candidat			of extrapolate	ed rays		B1	
					(condo	ne no l	if clear)			B1	
											[4]
9							degC/1K/un inge of state	it temp rise gets M0 A0)		M1 A1	
	i e	long time expensiv	e to heat up e to cool do ve to heat lot of energ)) any ⁻))	1				B1	

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(c) (i)	1.8 degC OR 1.8 °C OR 1.8 K AND 77.1 degC OR 77.1 °C OR 77.1K		B1	
(ii)	(Q =) mcT in any form, seen anywhere 0.2 × 4200 × 1.8 e.c.f. from (c) (i) 1512 J (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.		B1 C1 A1	
(iii)	$1512 = 0.05 \times c \times 77.1$ in any form e.c.f. from (c) (i) an 392 J/kg K (N.B. must be to 3 sf ; A0 for wrong s.f.) e.c.		C1 A1	
(iv)	heat lost during transfer boiling water not at 100 °C / reason for not boiling at 100 °C e.g. water not pure/ not standard pressure energy lost to cup etc. / surroundings thermometer not accurate / sensitive enough temperature / mass(es) not accurately measured)) any 1)	B1	
				[10]
10 (a) (i)	step-up transformer		B1	
(ii)	less heat/energy/power loss (from lines) / thinner wires (p OR lower current NOT more efficient	oossible)	B1	
(b) P = 2.5	V × I in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) VI A		C1 A1	
	I ² R in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) I ² R /5 W e.c.f. from (b)		C1 A1	
(d) ∨ = P =	IR in any form, figures or symbols OR (V =) IR OR V^2 / R in any form, figures or symbols OR (P =) V^2 / R C	$PR V = (PR)^{1/2}$	C1	
7.5	V e.c.f. from (b) or (c)		A1	
21,9 OR 55,0	000 – 7.5 – 7.5 OR 22,000 – 7.5 ecf 085 V e.c.f. (minimum 4 s.f.in this case) 000 – 37.5 = 54962.5 62.5 / 2.5 = 21985 V (minimum 4 s.f. in this case)		C1 A1 (C1) (A1)	
				[10]

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11 (a) NOT or	inverter		B1
(b) (i) ther	mistor NOT thermal resistor		B1
(ii) resis	stance increases OR voltage across it increases		B1
(c) (i) LOV	V or 0 or off or NOT HIGH		B1
(ii) (mu	ch) larger/ large / higher / high		B1
(iii) low	temperature e.c.f. from (c) (ii)		B1
(d) to allow a	adjustment of the temp. at which relay will close / heat	er comes on	B1
(e) <u>automati</u> OR ther	<u>c control or wtte</u> of heating system / air-conditioning / a mostat	automatic room h	neater
OR any	other sensible suggestion involving control of heating		<u>B1</u>
			[