UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

0625 PHYSICS

0625/02 Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks.

For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually

be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later

depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be

scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the

points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working

which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark,

or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has

made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks

annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate

wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not

depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the

unit given.

<u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something

very similar.

un.pen. means "unit penalty". An otherwise correct answer will have one

mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect

or missing units are condoned.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for

scoring the marks.

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| Ql | J. | | SCH | EME | | MARK |
|----|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | (a) | 55 (s) | | | | B1 |
| | (b) | 55/5 | ecf | | | C1 |
| | | 11 (s) | ecf | | | A1 |
| | (c) | EITHEI | R OR | OR | OR | |
| | | 300/hou | ur 1 takes 11s | 5 takes 55s | 1hour for 300 | B1 |
| | | = 5/mir | n 300 take 3300s | 300 take 60x55s | 3600/300s for 1 | B1 |
| | | takes le than 1 m for 5 | | less than 1hr for 300 | 1 takes less time than this | B1 |
| | | YES/N | IO ticked according to | his working | | <u>B1</u> _7 |
| 2 | 2 nd | box ticke | ed | | | B1 |
| | 3^{rd} box ticked (use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for extras) | | | | | <u>B1</u> _2 |
| 3 | (a) | OP a | accelerating | | | B1 |
| | | PQ a | accelerating | | | B1 |
| | | | constant speed | | | B1 |
| | /b\ | RS slowing down (however expressed) | | | | B1 B1 |
| | ` ' | (b) O and S (both) | | | | |
| | (c) 6 (m/s) | | | | B1 | |
| | (d) 70 (s) | | | | B1 | |
| | (e) find area OPQRS (however expressed) | | | | <u>B1</u> _8 | |
| 4 | (a) | (i) r | radiation | | | B1 |
| | | (ii) c | conduction | | | B1 |
| | (b) | (i) k | kinetic (however expres | ssed) | | B1 |
| | | р | ootential (however exp | ressed) | | B1 |
| | | (ii) id | dea of energy loss or f | riction | | <u>B1</u> _5 |

| 10000 007/10/1000 | Syllabus Paper | r |
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| 5 (a) (magnitude of) force | | B1 |
| distance (from fulcrum) | | B1 |
| (b) (i) force | | B1 |
| moment OR turning effect | | B1 |
| (ii) $F_1 + F_2 + W$ | | B1 |
| (iii) F | | <u>B1</u> <u>6</u> |
| 6 (a) (i) eye to image line perpendicular to mirro | or, by eye | B1 |
| object distance = image distance, by ey | е | B1 |
| (ii) normal correctly drawn, by eye | | B1 |
| (iii) ray to bottom edge of mirror correct | | M1 |
| reflected ray at correct angle to mirror, to (condone sloppy normal) | | A1 |
| (b) sensible attempt at explanation | | B1 |
| (c) (i) 2 (m) (NO ecf) | | B1 |
| (ii) distance lady to mirror = 3 (m) | | C1 |
| distance moved = 2 (m) (NO ecf) | | A1 |
| away from mirror/wall | | <u>B1</u> <u>10</u> |
| 7 (a) (i) large, OR accept any large example e.g | ı. cliff | B1 |
| (ii) speed = distance/time OR speed = 2: (in any form) | xdistance/time | C1 |
| correct substitution | | C1 |
| 480 (m) c.a.o. | | A1 |
| (b) speed = 6/50 OR 3/50 | | C1 |
| | | |

| ge 5 | | Mark Scheme IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006 | Syllabus 0625 | Paper 2 |
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| | | IGC3E - OC1/NOV 2000 | 0023 | 2 |
| 8 | (a) | (i) (group) 1 | | B1 |
| | | (ii) (group) 2 | | B1 |
| | | (iii) plastics OR glass OR ebonite | | B1 |
| | (b) | top - and bottom + | | B1 |
| | (c) | region/area/space etc. | | B1 |
| | | charge | | B1 |
| | | experiences a force | | <u>B1</u> _7 |
| | | | | |
| 9 | (a) | good straight line through first 5 points, drawn with a rule | е | B1 |
| | (b) | intelligent attempt at a reason | | B1 |
| | (c) | 67 – 40 | | C1 |
| | | 27 (mm) | | A1 |
| | (d) | 2.4 – 2.5 (N) | | <u>B1</u> _5 |
| 10 | (a) | less turns on Sy OR more turns on Py | | B1 |
| | (b) | voltage OR p.d. OR volts is less | | B1 |
| | (c) | $V_1/V_2 = N_1/N_2$ in any form | | C1 |
| | | correct substitution | | C1 |
| | (d) | 12 (V) voltage too high OR bell would be damaged | | A1 |
| | (u) | voltage too nign. Orc. beli would be damaged | | <u>B1</u> <u>6</u> |
| 11 | (a) | 92 | | B1 |
| | (b) | orbit OR outside nucleus | | B1 |
| | (c) | 146 | | B1 |
| | (d) | nucleus | | B1 |
| | (e) | decreases | | M1 |
| | | by 2 | | <u>A1</u> _6 |
| | | | | <u>6</u> |

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| 12 | (a) | reverse connections to ammeter or battery | В1 |
|----|-----|--|-----------------|
| | (b) | current OR amps OR amperes | В1 |
| | (c) | 4 components in series (ignore symbols) | В1 |
| | | 4 recognisably correct symbols (ignore connections) | В1 |
| | (d) | (i) voltmeter OR multimeter on volts scale | В1 |
| | | (ii) voltmeter shown connected in parallel with resistor | В1 |
| | (e) | I = V/R in any form | C1 |
| | | correct substitution no ecf from wrong equation | C1 |
| | | 0.4 (A) c.a.o. | A1 |
| | (f) | his value of (e) | В1 |
| | (g) | (i) 7.5Ω ticked | В1 |
| | | (ii) increases current e.c.f. | <u>B1</u> 12 |