

PHYSICS

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0625/01 May/June 2008 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser

Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

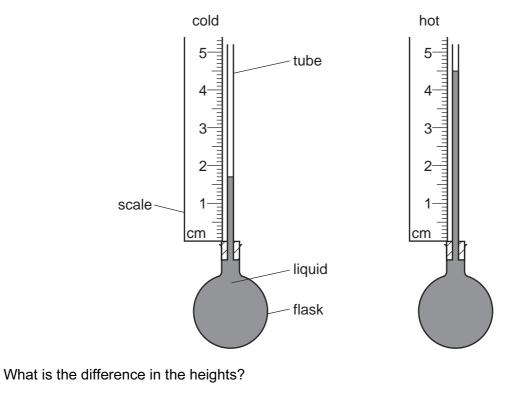
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

This document consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



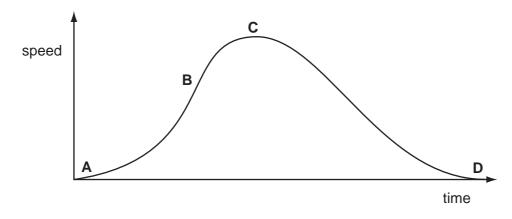
1 Some liquid is heated in a flask.

The diagrams show the height of the liquid in the tube when the liquid is cold and when it is hot.



- **A** 1.7 cm **B** 2.8 cm **C** 3.2 cm **D** 4.5 cm
- 2 The speed-time graph shown is for a bus travelling between stops.

Where on the graph is the acceleration of the bus the greatest?



3 The circuit of a motor racing track is 3 km in length. In a race, a car goes 25 times round the circuit in 30 minutes.

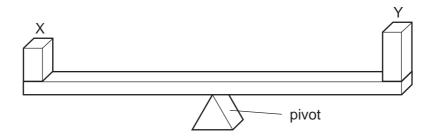
What is the average speed of the car?

- A 75 km/hour
- B 90 km/hour
- **C** 150 km / hour
- D 750 km/hour
- 4 The force of gravity acting on an astronaut in an orbiting spacecraft is less than when she is on the Earth's surface.

Compared with being on the Earth's surface, how do her mass and weight change when she goes into orbit?

	mass in orbit	weight in orbit
Α	decreases	decreases
в	decreases	unchanged
С	unchanged	decreases
D	unchanged	unchanged

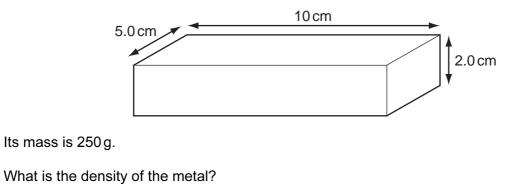
5 When two blocks X and Y are placed on a uniform beam, the beam balances on a pivot at its centre as shown.



What does this show about X and Y?

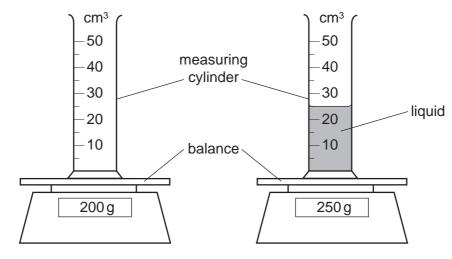
- **A** They have the same mass and the same density.
- **B** They have the same mass and the same weight.
- **C** They have the same volume and the same density.
- **D** They have the same volume and the same weight.

6 The diagram shows a rectangular metal block measuring $10 \text{ cm} \times 5.0 \text{ cm} \times 2.0 \text{ cm}$.



A 0.20 g/cm^3 **B** 0.40 g/cm^3 **C** 2.5 g/cm^3 **D** 5.0 g/cm^3

7 The diagram shows an experiment to find the density of a liquid.



What is the density of the liquid?

A 0.5 g/cm^3 **B** 2.0 g/cm^3 **C** 8.0 g/cm^3 **D** 10.0 g/cm^3

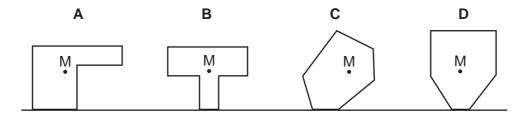
8 What are the conditions for equilibrium?

	resultant force acting	resultant turning effect acting
Α	yes	yes
в	yes	no
С	no	yes
D	no	no

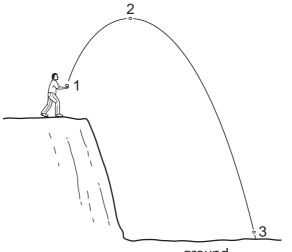
9 The diagram shows four objects standing on a flat surface.

The centre of mass of each object is marked M.

Which object will fall over?



10 A stone is thrown from the edge of a cliff. Its path is shown in the diagram.



ground

In which position does the stone have its greatest kinetic energy and in which position does it have its least gravitational energy?

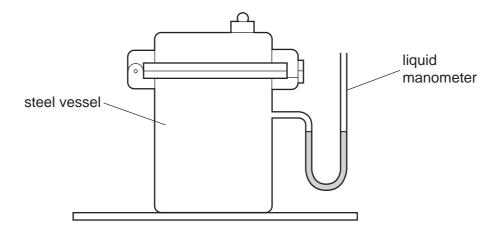
	greatest kinetic energy	least gravitational energy
Α	1	2
в	2	3
С	3	1
D	3	3

11 A worker is lifting boxes of identical weight from the ground onto a moving belt.

At first, it takes him 2s to lift each box. Later in the day, it takes him 3s.

Which statement is correct?

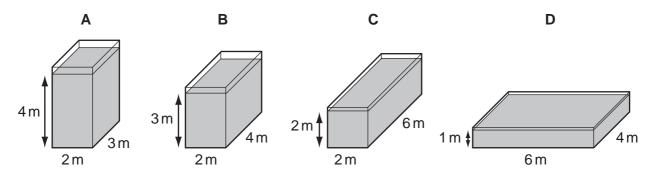
- A Later in the day, less work is done in lifting each box.
- **B** Later in the day, more work is done in lifting each box.
- **C** Later in the day, less power is developed in lifting each box.
- **D** Later in the day, more power is developed in lifting each box.
- **12** A manometer is used to indicate the pressure in a steel vessel, as shown in the diagram.



What value does the liquid manometer give for the pressure in the vessel?

- A It is zero.
- **B** It is between zero and atmospheric pressure.
- **C** It is equal to atmospheric pressure.
- **D** It is greater than atmospheric pressure.
- **13** Four glass tanks contain water.

In which tank is the pressure of the water on the base greatest?



14 Which line in the table describes the properties of solids and of liquids at a fixed temperature?

	solids	liquids
Α	definite volume and definite shape	no definite volume but definite shape
В	no definite volume but definite shape	definite volume and definite shape
С	definite volume and definite shape	definite volume but no definite shape
D	no definite volume but definite shape	no definite volume and no definite shape

15 Air is pumped slowly into a car tyre to increase the pressure. The temperature of the air does not change.

Which line in the table is correct?

	number of molecules hitting 1 cm ² of the tyre each second	average speed at which molecules hit the tyre
Α	increases	increases
в	increases	unchanged
С	unchanged	increases
D	unchanged	unchanged

16 The thermometer in the diagram has no scale.



Where must the bulb be placed so that $0^{\circ}C$ can be marked on the stem?

- A in boiling water
- B in cold water
- **C** in a freezer
- D in melting ice

17 A sample of a solid is heated for 12 minutes and its temperature noted every minute.

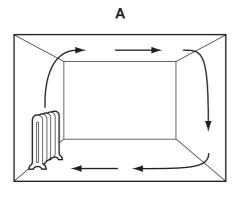
The results are shown in the table.

time/min	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
temperature/°C	11.5	16.1	22.1	31.0	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.3	45.0	65.2	66.2	66.3	66.3

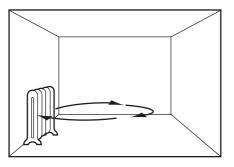
How should the sample be described at the end of the 12 minutes?

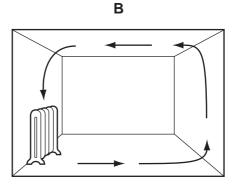
- A all solid
- B in the process of melting
- **C** all liquid
- **D** in the process of boiling
- **18** A heater is placed in a room.

Which diagram shows the movement of air as the room is heated?

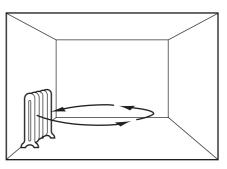




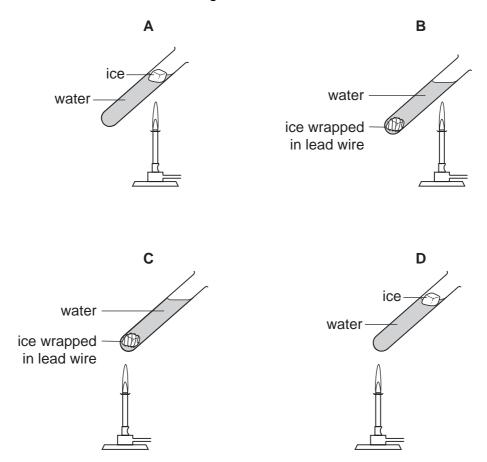




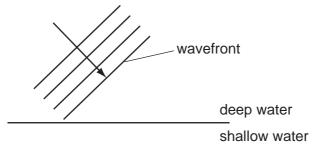




19 The diagrams show four identical pieces of ice that are heated in test-tubes of water. In which test-tube will the ice take the longest time to melt?



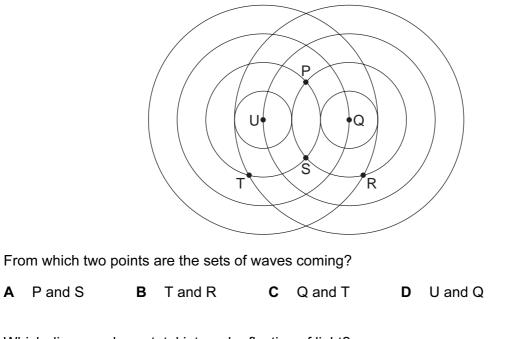
20 The diagram represents water waves about to move into shallow water from deep water.



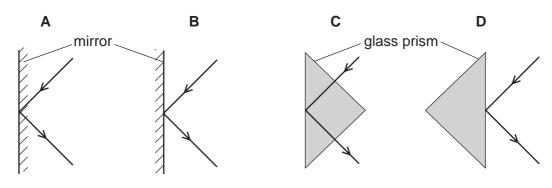
Which property of the waves remains the same after the waves move into shallow water?

- **A** frequency
- **B** speed
- C wavefront direction
- **D** wavelength

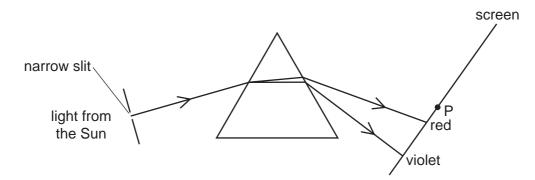
21 Two sets of water waves overlap as shown in the diagram.



22 Which diagram shows total internal reflection of light?



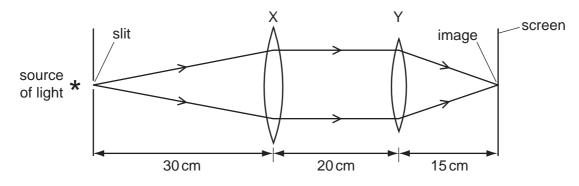
23 Light from the Sun passes through a prism and a spectrum is produced on a screen.



A thermometer placed at P shows a large temperature rise.

Which type of radiation causes this?

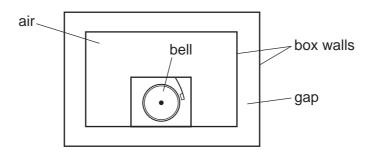
- A infra-red
- **B** microwave
- **C** ultra-violet
- **D** visible light
- **24** Two thin converging lenses X and Y are used as shown to give a focused image of an illuminated slit. The rays shown are parallel between X and Y.



What are the correct values for the focal lengths of X and of Y?

	focal length of X/cm	focal length of Y/cm			
Α	50	35			
в	30	20			
С	30	15			
D	20	20			

- 25 Which equation can be used to calculate the speed of sound?
 - **A** speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$
 - **B** speed = distance × time
 - **C** speed = $\frac{\text{time}}{\text{distance}}$
 - **D** speed = time + distance
- **26** A battery-operated bell is surrounded by a box with double walls.



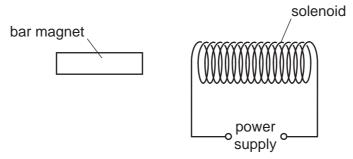
The bell is ringing but no sound at all is heard outside the box.

What is in the gap?

- A a solid
- B a liquid
- C a gas
- D a vacuum
- 27 Which line in the table shows whether iron and steel are ferrous or non-ferrous materials?

	iron	steel
Α	ferrous	ferrous
В	ferrous	non-ferrous
С	non-ferrous	ferrous
D	non-ferrous	non-ferrous

28 A solenoid carrying a current is used to demagnetise a bar magnet.



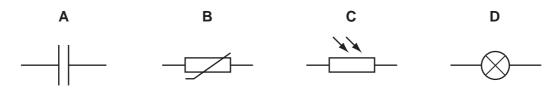
Which conditions achieve demagnetisation?

	current through solenoid	movement of bar magnet
Α	a.c.	around the solenoid quickly
в	a.c.	through the solenoid slowly
С	d.c.	around the solenoid quickly
D	d.c.	through the solenoid slowly

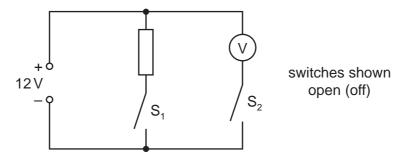
29 A polythene rod repels an inflated balloon hanging from a nylon thread.

What charges must the rod and the balloon carry?

- **A** The rod and the balloon carry opposite charges.
- **B** The rod and the balloon carry like charges.
- **C** The rod is charged but the balloon is not.
- **D** The balloon is charged but the rod is not.
- **30** Which circuit symbol represents a component used to store energy?



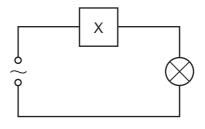
31 In the circuit shown, the switches S_1 and S_2 may be open (off) or closed (on).



Which line in the table shows the voltmeter reading for the switch positions given?

	S ₁	S ₂	voltmeter reading/V
Α	open	open	12
в	closed	closed	12
С	open	closed	0
D	closed	open	12

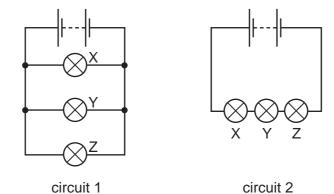
32 The device X in this circuit is designed to cut off the electricity supply automatically if too much current flows.



What is device X?

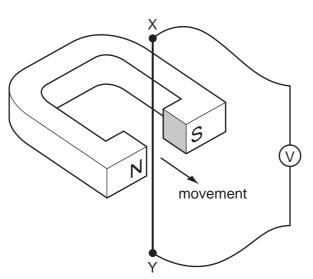
- A a fuse
- **B** a switch
- **C** a resistor
- D an ammeter

33 The diagrams show two ways in which three lamps may be connected.



Which statement is correct?

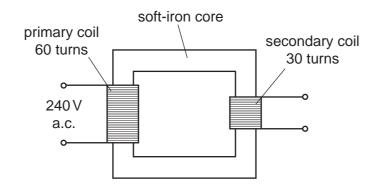
- A If lamp Y breaks in circuit 1, both the other lamps will go out.
- **B** If lamp Y breaks in circuit 2, both the other lamps will go out.
- **C** If lamp Y breaks in circuit 1, lamp Z will go out, but lamp X will remain on.
- **D** If lamp Y breaks in circuit 2, lamp Z will go out, but lamp X will remain on.
- **34** The wire XY shown in the diagram is connected to a sensitive voltmeter with a centre zero. XY is then moved quickly once through the magnetic field.



What is observed on the voltmeter?

- A The needle moves briefly in one direction and then returns to the centre.
- **B** The needle moves quickly in one direction and stays deflected.
- **C** The needle vibrates rapidly from side to side whilst XY is moving.
- **D** The needle stays still.

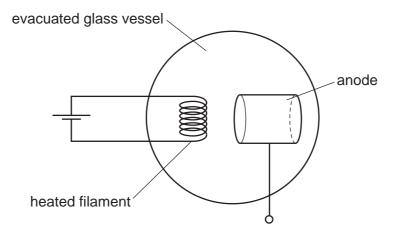
35 The diagram shows a transformer connected to a 240 V a.c. supply.



What is the potential difference across the secondary coil of the transformer?

Α	30 V	В	120 V	С	240 V	D	480 V
	00 0		120 0	<u> </u>	210 0		100 0

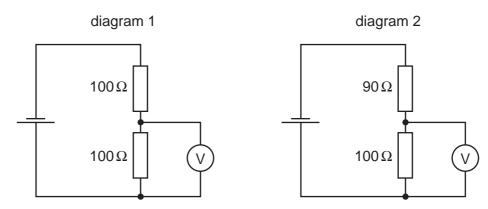
36 In order to produce a beam of cathode rays, a heated filament is placed near to an anode in an evacuated glass vessel.



What is the type of charge on the anode and why is this charge chosen?

	charge	reason			
Α	negative	to attract electrons			
в	negative	to repel electrons			
С	positive	to attract electrons			
D	positive	to repel electrons			

One of the resistors is changed to 90Ω , as shown in diagram 2.



How does the reading on the voltmeter change when this is done?

- A It becomes zero.
- B It decreases a little.
- **C** It increases a little.
- D It stays the same.
- **38** What is a β -particle and from which part of a radioactive atom is it emitted?

	β-particle	emitted from
Α	electron	nucleus
в	electron	outer orbits
С	helium nucleus	nucleus
D	helium nucleus	outer orbits

39 A sample of radioactive uranium has mass 1 g. Another sample of the same material has mass 2 g.

Which property is the same for both samples?

- A the amount of radiation emitted per second
- B the half-life
- **C** the number of uranium atoms
- D the volume

40 A particular nuclide has the symbol ${}^{37}_{17}Cl$.

What is true for atoms of this nuclide?

- **A** There are 17 nucleons in the nucleus.
- **B** There are 17 protons in the nucleus.
- **C** There are 37 electrons in the nucleus.
- **D** There are 37 neutrons in the nucleus.

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