MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/43

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
cso	correct solution only
dep	dependent
ft	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
WWW	without wrong working
art	anything rounding to

soi seen or implied

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1	(a) $200 \div 10 \times 3$ oe $200 \div 10 \times 2$ oe	M1 M1	
	(b) 65	2	M1 for $\frac{39}{60} \times 100$ oe 35 is M0
	(c) 46	3	M2 for 36.80 ÷ 0.8 oe or M1 for 80% = 36.80 oe
	(d) 0.6(0)	3	M2 for $5(x + 12) + 2x = 64.2$ oe or $(64.2 - 5 \times 12) \div 7$ or $5x + 2(x - 12) = 64.2$ oe or $(64.2 + 2 \times 12) \div 7$ or M1 for $y = x + 12$ and $5y + 2x = 64.2$ or $y = x - 12$ and $5x + 2y = 64.2$ After M0, SC1 for $k(x \pm 12)$ seen
2	(a) $(\cos Q =) \frac{4^2 + 4.5^2 - 7^2}{2 \times 4 \times 4.5}$ o.e. 110.74	M2 E2	M1 for $7^2 = 4^2 + 4.5^2 - 2 \times 4 \times 4.5 \times \cos(Q)$ If E0 then A1 for $-0.354(1)$
	(b) $(RS =) \frac{7 \sin 40}{\sin 85}$ 4.516	M2 E1	M1 for $\frac{RS}{\sin 40} = \frac{7}{\sin 85}$ o.e. Can be implied by second M
	(c) Angle $R = 55^{\circ}$ $0.5 \times 7 \times 4.52 \times \sin(\text{their 55})$ o.e. $0.5 \times 4 \times 4.5 \times \sin 110.7$ o.e. Triangle <i>PRS</i> + Triangle <i>PQR</i> 21.4 (21.36 - 21.42)	B1 M1 M1 M1 A1	(May be seen on diagram) ($12.95 - 13.0$) their 55 is ($180 - 40 - 85$) ($8.418 - 8.42$) ($s = 7.75$) Dependent on M1, M1 www 5

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3	(a) $5x^2 - x$ or $x(5x - 1)$	2	M1 for $x^2 + 3x$ or $4x^2 - 4x$ correct
	(b) $27x^9$	2	B1 for 27 or for x^9
	(c) (i) $7x^7(1+2x^7)$	2	M1 for any correct partially factorised expression
	(ii) $(y+w)(x+2a)$	2	or $7x^{7}(1 +)$ M1 for $x(y + w) + 2a(y + w)$ or x(y + 2x) + xx(y + 2x)
	(iii) $(2x+7)(2x-7)$	1	y(x+2a) + w(x+2a)
	(d) $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(2)(1)}}{2(2)}$ oe	2	In square root B1 for $5^2 - 4(2)(1)$ or better (17) If in form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$ B1 for $p = -5$ and $r = 2(2)$
	$-2.28 \\ -0.22$	1 1	SC1 for -2.3 or -2.281 to -2.280 and -0.2 or -0.220 to -0.219
4	(a) (i) $\begin{pmatrix} 25\\ 43 \end{pmatrix}$	1 1	If 0, 0 then SC1 for 25 and 43 seen
	(ii) (16)	2	B1 for 16 without brackets
	(iii) $\frac{1}{-2} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ isw	2	B1 for determinant = -2
	or $\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{2} & \frac{3}{2} \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$		or B1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
	(b) Reflection only	1	If more than one transformation given – no marks available
	x-axis oe	1	independent
	$(c) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one correct column

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5	(ii) A	Accurate perpendicular bisector, with 2 pairs of arcs, of <i>CD</i> . Accurate angle bisector, with two pairs of arcs, of angle <i>A</i> .	2 2		te without arcs.	
	-	P written in correct region	S 1	Dependent or intersection	n at least SC1 in (i)	and (ii) and
	r (ii) A	Arc, centre <i>B</i> , radius 5cm, reaching across <i>ABCD</i> . Area outside their arc centre <i>B</i> and outside SHOP shaded	1 1ft	Allow good f dep on S1	reehand	
6				Accept fraction, %, dec equivalents (3 better) throughout but not ratio or wor i.s.w. incorrect cancelling/conversion forms Pen –1 once for 2 sf answers		or words
	(a) (i) 3 (ii) 5	$\frac{243}{3125} (0.07776)$	1 2	Accept 0.077	8. M1 for $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^5$ oe	
		$\frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{1}{20} (0.05) \qquad \text{cao}$	3 B1 for $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ B1 for $\frac{1}{8}$ B 2 M1 for their $\frac{2}{5} \times \text{their } \frac{1}{8}$		1 0	1 for $\frac{7}{8}$
		$\frac{1}{5}$ (0.2) ft	2ft		5 (b)(ii) or M1 for	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$
7	(a) - 5.4 3.7		1 1			
		nts correctly plotted ft	P3		7 points. P1ft for 4	
	Smoo points	th cubic curve through all 8	C1	 C1 Only ft points if shape not affected 2 B1 for 2 correct P2 P2ft P1ft for 5 or 6 points Must pass through all 7 points, only not affected and no contact with either 		ed.
	(c) −2, –4	4, 4	2			
	Two	nts correctly plotted ft separate smooth branches of ngular hyperbola				
	(ii) <i>2</i>	$-2.9 \le x \le -2.8$ $2.05 \le x \le 2.15$ y = 10 b = -40	1 1 1 1	Not with <i>y</i> co	ordinates	

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8	(a) (i) 396 (395.6 – 396)	4	M1 for $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 3^3$ and M1 (independent) for
	 (ii) 3.13 (3.125 - 3.128) ft (iii) 144 (144 - 144.4) ft 	2ft 2ft	$\pi \times 3^2 \times 12$, M1 (dependent on M2) for adding 126 π implies M3 ft their (i) $\times 7.9 \div 1000$. M1 for $\times 7.9$ soi by figs 313 or 3125 – 3128 ft 15 $\times 6 \times 6$ – their (a)(i) M1 for $6 \times 6 \times 15$ oe
	(b) (i) 311 (310.8 – 311.1)	5	M1 for $2 \times \pi \times 3^2$ and M1 (independent) for $\pi \times 6 \times 12$ and M1 for $\pi \times 3^2$, M1 (dependent on M3) for adding. (99 π implies M4)
	(ii) 3.50 (3.496 to 3.50) ft	2ft	ft their (b)(i) \times 0.01125 M1 for their (b)(i) \div 8 and \times figs 9 implied by figs 3496 to 350
9	(a) (i) $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
	(ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	1 1	If 0, SC1 for $\overrightarrow{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ seen
	(iii) \overrightarrow{BA} or $-\overrightarrow{AB}$	1	BA not indicated as a vector is not enough.
	(iv) 10.3 (10.29 – 10.30)	2	M1 for $(\text{their } 9)^2 + (\text{their } 5)^2$
	(b) (i) 2u	1	
	(ii) $\frac{1}{2}(t-u)$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2}$ (their $\overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC}$) or equivalent
			correct route for \overrightarrow{BM} , along obtainable vectors in terms of t and u or M1 for correct unsimplified answer
	(iii) $\frac{3}{2}\mathbf{u} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{t}$ oe ft	2ft	ft their (i) + their (ii) simplified or $\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{u}$ - their (b)(ii) simplified M1 for correct (or ft) unsimplified (i) + (ii) or $\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{u}$ - their (b)(ii)

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10	(a) 7, 8, 8, 10, 11, 16 and 8, 8, 8, 10, 10, 16	5	Mark answer spaces only or clearly indicated lists. Allow numbers in any order but must be lists of 6 integers B4 for either correct list If not B4 then B1 for a series with mode 8 and B1 for a series with median 9 and B1 for a series with sum 60
	 (b) (i) (30 × 65 + 35 × 85 + 40 × 95 + 40 × 110 + 15 × 135) ÷ 160 94.7 (94.68 - 94.69) (ii) Heights of 4, 2, 0.5 with correct interval widths 	4	M1 for mid-values soi (allow 1 error/omission) and M1 for use of $\sum fx$ with x in correct interval including both boundaries allow one further error/omission and M1 (dependent on second M) for \div 160 www 4 B3 for 2 correct or B2 for 1 correct or B1 for all three freq. densities correct but no/incorrect graph
11	(a) 30 42 42 56 71 97	4	B3 for 2 correct rows or B2 for 1 correct row or B1 for any term in column 5 correct
	(b) (i) 2550 (ii) 30	1 1	
	(c) $(n+1)(n+2)$ oe final ans	1	
	(d) (i) $2n^2 + pn + 1 = t$ Uses a value of <i>n</i> up to 6 and a matching <i>t</i> from the table e.g. puts $n = 3$ and $t = 31$ $2 \times 3^2 + 3p + 1 = 31$ M1 OR Use $p = 4$ to get $2n^2 + 4n + 1 = 31$ and simplifies to 3 term eqn M1 OR both $2 \times 9 + 4 \times 3 + 1 (= 31)$ M1 with one part evaluated OR n(n + 1) + (n + 1)(n + 2) - 1 or better M1 (ii) 241 (iii) 12	2 1 3	Correct solution shown with 1 intermediate step to $p = 4$ E1 Solve correctly to get $n = 3$ E1 Conclusion e.g. $31 = 31$ E1 Correct simplification to $2n^2 + 4n + 1$ E1 M1 for $2n^2 + 4n + 1 = 337$ and M1 for $(n - 12)(n + 14)$ or correct expression for <i>n</i> using formula
	(e) $L = A + D - 1$ oe	1	