Atomic Structure and The Periodic Table

Question Paper 1

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Chemistry
ExamBoard	CIE
Topic	Atoms, Elements and Compounds
Sub-Topic	Atomic structure and the Periodic Table
Paper	(Extended) Theory
Booklet	Question Paper 1

TimeAllowed: 87 minutes

Score: /72

Percentage: /100

The table gives the composition of three particles.

particle	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons
Α	15	15	16
В	15	15	16
С	15	15	17

(a)	What is the evidence in the table for each of the following?		
	(i)	Particle A is an atom.	
			[1]
	(ii)	A, B and C are all particles of the same element.	
			[1]
	(iii)	Particles A and C are isotopes of the same element.	
			[2]
(b)	(i)	What is the electronic structure of particle A ?	
			[1]
	(ii)	Is element A , a metal or a non-metal? Give a reason for your choice.	
			[1]

[Total: 6]

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- 2 Protons, neutrons and electrons are subatomic particles.
 - (a) Complete the table to show the relative mass and relative charge of a proton, a neutron and an electron.

particle	relative mass	relative charge
proton		
neutron		
electron	<u>1</u> 1840	

- 17	2	1
٠.	J	J

(b)	Bromine	has two	isotopes.
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(i)	Define the term isotope.
(ii)	Explain why the two isotopes of bromine have the same chemical properties.

(c)	The table shows the number of protons, neutrons and electrons in some atoms and ions
	Complete the table.

particle	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
⁷ ₃Li			
³⁴ ₁₆ S ²⁻			
	19	22	18

[5]

[Total: 12]

3	(a) (i)	De ine the term atomic number.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Define the term <i>nucleon number</i> .	
			[2]
			[4]
	(b) The	e table shows the number of protons, neutrons and electrons in some atoms or ions.	

particle	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons	symbol or formula
А	6	6	6	¹² ₆ C
В	12	12	12	
С	8			¹⁶ ₈ O ²⁻
D	11	10	13	

Complete the table. The first line is given as an example.

[6]

[Total: 9]

(a) The table below gives information about particles.

Complete the table. The first line has been done for you.

particle	number of protons	number of electrons	electronic configuration	charge on particle
А	12	10	2,8	2+
В		18	2,8,8	1–
С	18		2,8,8	0
D	8	10		

			1	[4]
b)	Gallium is a Group III element.			
	Define the term <i>element</i> .			
				 [1]
c)	The following are gallium atoms.			
		⁶⁹ ₃₁ Ga	⁷¹ Ga	

Complete the following table.

atom	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
⁶⁹ Ga			
⁷¹ Ga			

[3]

5	(a)	The	symbols	of six p	articles	are sh	nown I	pelow	' .	
				Na⁺	Ca ²⁺	Kr	Р	Si	O ²⁻	
				particles or not a		wer th	e follo	wing	questions. A particle may be select	ted
(i)	Whi	ch two	ions h	ave the	same el	ectron	ic stru	cture	??	[1]
(ii)	ii) Which ion has the same electronic structure as an atom of argon?								atom of argon?	[1]
(iii)	Whi	Which atom can form an ion of the type X ³⁻ ?								[1]
(iv) Which atom can form a hydride which has a formula of the type XH ₄ ?								la of the type XH ₄ ?	[1]	
(b) (i)	How	many	/ proton	s, neutr	ons and	electr	ons a	e the	ere in one copper(II) ion 64/29Cu ²⁺ ?	
	num	ber of	protons	3						
	num	ber of	neutro	ns						
	num	ber of	electro	ns						
(ii)	⁴⁵ Sc	repre	sents a	n atom	of scand	lium.				[2]
. ,	 i) ⁴⁵₂₁Sc represents an atom of scandium. How many nucleons and how many charged particles are there in one ator 									m?
							Ο.			
	num	ber of	charge	d particl	les					
				·						[2]
(c) Two	o diffe	erent a	itoms of	fsodium	n are ²³ N	a and	²⁴ Na			
(i)	Expl	ain wh	ny these	e two ato	oms are	isotop	es.			
										[2]
(ii)	²⁴ Na prote		dioactiv	e. It cha	anges in	ito an	atom	of a c	different element which has one mo	ore
	Iden	tify thi	s eleme	ent.						
										[1]
(iii)	State	e two	uses of	radioac	ctive isot	opes.				

[Total: 13]

Complete the following table which gives the number of protons, electrons and neutrons in each of the five particles.

particle	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons
	19	19	20
⁵⁶ Fe			
	3	2	
⁷⁰ ₃₁ Ga ³⁺			
	34	36	45

[Total: 8]

1	(apelinetheterm	isotope.							
									[2]
								 	[-]
	(b) The table give	es informat	tion about	four par	ticles, A ,	B, C and	D.		

Complete the table.

The first line has been done for you.

particle	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons	nucleon number	symbol or formula
Α	6	6		12	С
В	11	10	12		
С	8		8		O ²⁻
D		10		28	Al ³⁺

[7]

[Total: 9]

The table below gives the composition of six particles which are either atoms or ions. 8

particle	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
Α	33	40	33
В	19	20	18
С	34	45	36
D	33	42	33
E	13	14	13
F	24	28	21

(a)	Which particles are atoms? Explain your choice.						
(b)	Which particle is a negative ion and why has this particle got a negative charge?						
(0)	Which partial a are positive ione?	[4]					
(6)	Which particles are positive ions?	[1]					
(d)	Explain why particle A and particle D are isotopes.						
		[2]					
	[Tota	l: 7]					