

# Perimeters, Area and Volumes

## Difficulty: Hard

### Question Paper 5

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Maths (0580/0980)
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Perimeters, Area and Volumes
Paper	Paper 4
Difficulty	Hard
Booklet	Question Paper 5

**Time allowed:** 85 minutes

**Score:** /74

**Percentage:** /100

#### Grade Boundaries:

##### CIE IGCSE Maths (0580)

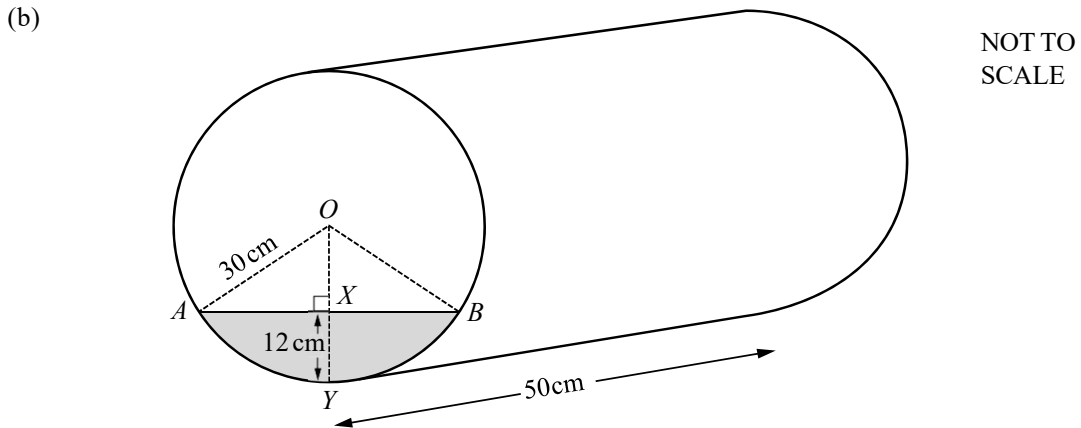
A*	A	B	C	D
>83%	67%	51%	41%	31%

##### CIE IGCSE Maths (0980)

9	8	7	6	5	4
>95%	87%	80%	69%	58%	46%

# Question 1

- (a) Calculate the volume of a cylinder with radius 30 cm and height 50 cm. [2]



A cylindrical tank, radius 30 cm and length 50 cm, lies on its side. It is partially filled with water. The shaded segment  $AXBY$  in the diagram shows the cross-section of the water. The greatest depth,  $XY$ , is 12 cm.  $OA = OB = 30$  cm.

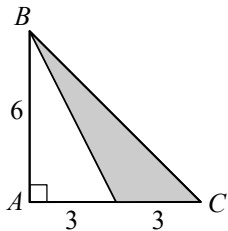
- (i) Write down the length of  $OX$ . [1]
- (ii) Calculate the angle  $AOB$  correct to two decimal places, showing all your working. [3]
- (c) Using angle  $AOB = 106.3^\circ$ , find
- (i) the area of the sector  $AOBY$ , [3]
  - (ii) the area of triangle  $AOB$ , [2]
  - (iii) the area of the shaded segment  $AXBY$ . [1]
- (d) Calculate the volume of water in the cylinder, giving your answer
- (i) in cubic centimetres, [2]
  - (ii) in litres. [1]
- (e) How many more litres must be added to make the tank half full? [2]

## Question 2

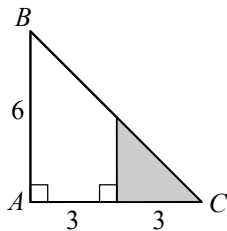
In each of the diagrams below, triangle  $ABC$  is an isosceles right-angled triangle.

$AB = AC = 6$  cm.

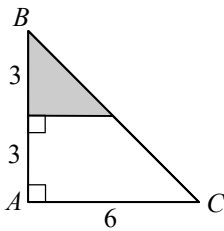
A straight line or a circular arc divides the triangle into two parts, one of which is shaded.



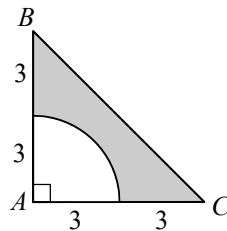
**Diagram 1**



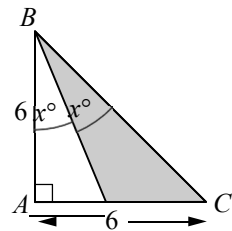
**Diagram 2**



**Diagram 3**



**Diagram 4**



**Diagram 5**

- (a) Which diagram has a shaded region showing **all** the points in the triangle which are
- (i) closer to  $BC$  than to  $BA$ , [1]
  - (ii) more than 3 cm from  $A$ , [1]
  - (iii) closer to  $C$  than to  $A$ ? [1]
- (b) For **each** of the five diagrams, calculate the shaded area. [11]

### Question 3

(a) Calculate the area of an equilateral triangle with sides 10 cm. [2]

(b) Calculate the radius of a circle with circumference 10 cm. [2]

(c)

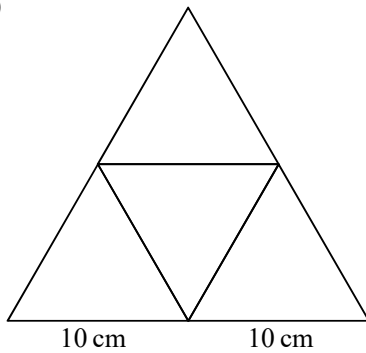


Diagram 1

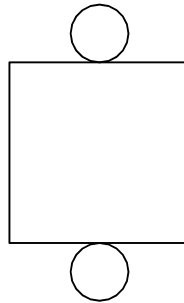


Diagram 2

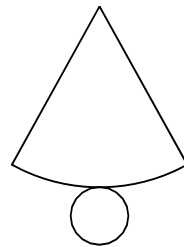


Diagram 3

The diagrams represent the nets of 3 solids. Each straight line is 10 cm long. Each circle has circumference 10 cm. The arc length in Diagram 3 is 10 cm.

(i) Name the solid whose net is Diagram 1. Calculate its surface area. [3]

(ii) Name the solid whose net is Diagram 2. Calculate its volume. [4]

(iii) Name the solid whose net is Diagram 3. Calculate its perpendicular height. [4]

## Question 4

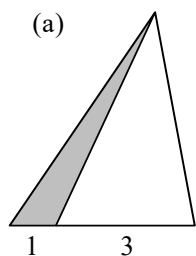


Diagram 1

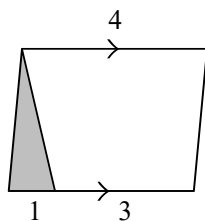


Diagram 2

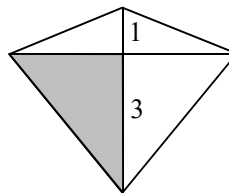


Diagram 3

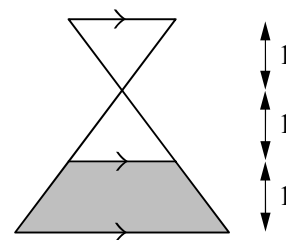


Diagram 4

Diagram 1 shows a triangle with its base divided in the ratio 1 : 3.

Diagram 2 shows a parallelogram with its base divided in the ratio 1 : 3.

Diagram 3 shows a kite with a diagonal divided in the ratio 1 : 3.

Diagram 4 shows two congruent triangles and a trapezium each of height 1 unit.

For each of the four diagrams, write down the **percentage** of the total area which is shaded. [7]

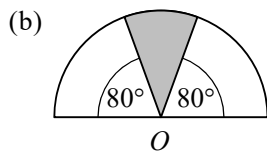


Diagram 5

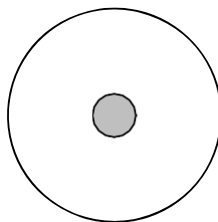


Diagram 6

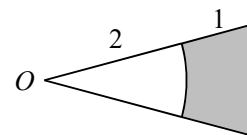


Diagram 7

Diagram 5 shows a semicircle, centre  $O$ .

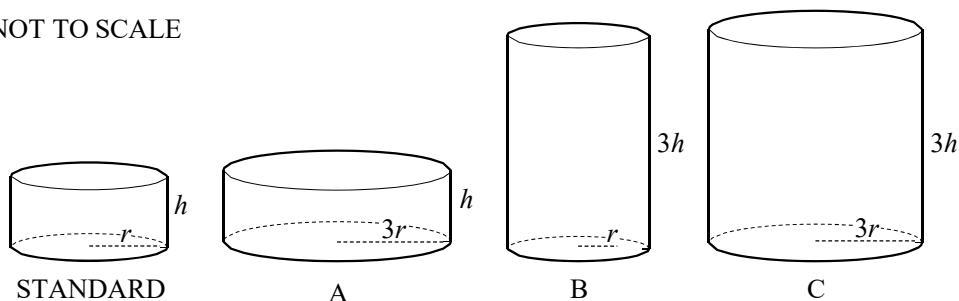
Diagram 6 shows two circles with radii 1 unit and 5 units.

Diagram 7 shows two sectors, centre  $O$ , with radii 2 units and 3 units.

For each of diagrams 5, 6 and 7, write down the **fraction** of the total area which is shaded. [6]

## Question 5

NOT TO SCALE



Sarah investigates cylindrical plant pots.

The standard pot has base radius  $r$  cm and height  $h$  cm.

Pot  $A$  has radius  $3r$  and height  $h$ . Pot  $B$  has radius  $r$  and height  $3h$ . Pot  $C$  has radius  $3r$  and height  $3h$ .

- (a) (i) Write down the volumes of pots  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  in terms of  $\pi$ ,  $r$  and  $h$ . [3]
- (ii) Find in its lowest terms the ratio of the volumes of  $A : B : C$ . [2]
- (iii) Which one of the pots  $A$ ,  $B$  or  $C$  is mathematically similar to the standard pot? Explain your answer. [2]
- (iv) The surface area of the standard pot is  $S$  cm<sup>2</sup>. Write down in terms of  $S$  the surface area of the similar pot. [2]
- (b) Sarah buys a cylindrical plant pot with radius 15 cm and height 20 cm. She wants to paint its outside surface (base and curved surface area).
- (i) Calculate the area she wants to paint. [2]
- (ii) Sarah buys a tin of paint which will cover 30 m<sup>2</sup>. How many plant pots of this size could be painted on their outside surfaces **completely** using this tin of paint? [4]