Parallel Lines Difficulty: Hard

Question Paper 1

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Maths (0580/0980)
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Geometry
Sub-Topic	Parallel Lines
Paper	Paper 2
Difficulty	Hard
Booklet	Question Paper 1

Time allowed: 30 minutes

Score: /23

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

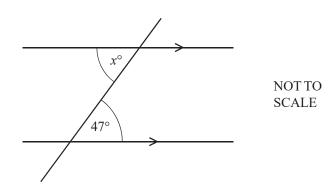
CIE IGCSE Maths (0580)

A*	Α	В	С	D	Е
>88%	76%	63%	51%	40%	30%

CIE IGCSE Maths (0980)

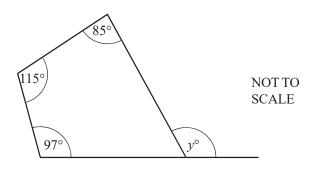
9	8	7	6	5	4	3	
>94%	85%	77%	67%	57%	47%	35%	

(a)



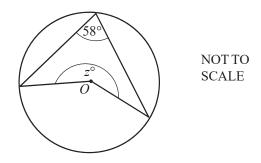
Find the value of x. [1]

(b)



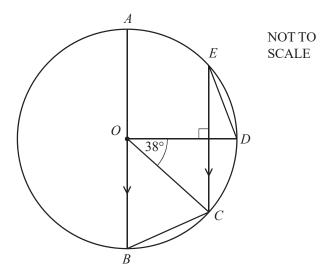
Find the value of *y*.

(c)



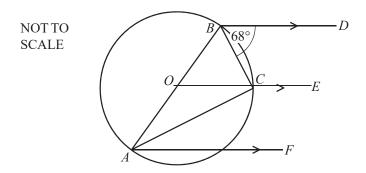
The diagram shows a circle, centre O.

Find the value of z.



AB is the diameter of a circle, centre O. C, D and E lie on the circle. EC is parallel to AB and perpendicular to OD. Angle DOC is 38° .

Work out



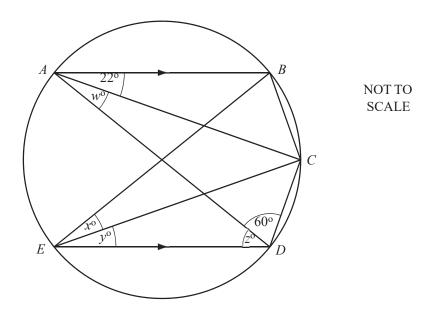
Points A, B and C lie on a circle, centre O, with diameter AB. BD, OCE and AF are parallel lines. Angle $CBD = 68^{\circ}$.

Calculate

(a) angle BOC,

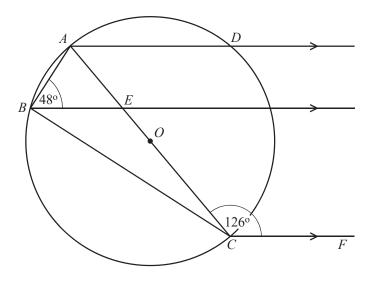
[2]

(b) angle ACE.



AD is a diameter of the circle ABCDE. Angle $BAC = 22^{\circ}$ and angle $ADC = 60^{\circ}$. AB and ED are parallel lines. Find the values of w, x, y and z.

[4]



NOT TO SCALE

A, B, C and D lie on a circle centre O. AC is a diameter of the circle. AD, BE and CF are parallel lines. Angle $ABE = 48^\circ$ and angle $ACF = 126^\circ$. Find

(a) angle DAE,

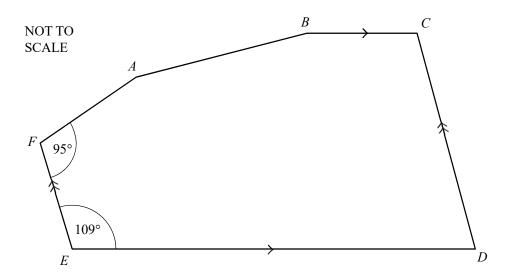
[1]

(b) angle EBC,

[1]

(c) angle BAE.

[1]



In the hexagon ABCDEF, BC is parallel to ED and DC is parallel to EF. Angle $DEF = 109^{\circ}$ and angle $EFA = 95^{\circ}$. Angle FAB is equal to angle ABC. Find the size of

(a) angle *EDC*,

[1]

(b) angle FAB.