

# Speed, Distance & Time Difficulty: Hard

## **Question Paper 1**

Level	IGCSE		
Subject	Maths (0580/0980)		
Exam Board	CIE		
Торіс	Algebra and graphs		
Sub-Topic	Speed, Distance & Time		
Paper	Paper 2		
Difficulty	Hard		
Booklet	Question Paper 1		

Time allowed:	54 minutes		
Score:	/42		
Percentage:	/100		

#### Grade Boundaries:

#### CIE IGCSE Maths (0580)

A*	А	В	С	D	E
>88%	76%	63%	51%	40%	30%

#### CIE IGCSE Maths (0980)

9	8	7	6	5	4	3
>94%	85%	77%	67%	57%	47%	35%



Petra begins a journey in her car.

She accelerates from rest at a constant rate of  $0.4 \text{ m/s}^2$  for 30 seconds. She then travels at a constant speed for 40 seconds.

On the grid, draw the speed-time graph for the first 70 seconds of Petra's journey.



[2]

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### **Question 2**

Amar cycles at a speed of 18 km/h. It takes him 55 minutes to cycle between two villages.

Calculate the distance between the two villages.

[2]



The diagram shows information about the first 100 seconds of a car journey.



(a) Calculate the acceleration during the first 20 seconds of the journey.

[1]

(b) Work out the total distance travelled by the car in the 100 seconds. [3]

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#### **Question 4**

A train travels for m minutes at a speed of x metres per second.

(a) Find the distance travelled, in **kilometres**, in terms of *m* and *x*. Give your answer in its simplest form.

[2]

(b) When m = 5, the train travels 10.5 km.

Find the value of *x*.

[2]



A car of length 4.3 m is travelling at 105 km/h. It passes over a bridge of length 36m.

[3]

Calculate the time, in seconds, it takes to pass over the bridge **completely**.



A car travels at 56km/h.

Find the time it takes to travel 300 metres. Give your answer in seconds correct to the nearest second. s [4]



The diagram shows the speed-time graph of a car. The car travels at 45 km/h for 20 seconds. The car then decelerates for 10 seconds until it stops.

(a) Change 45 km/h into m/s.

[2]

(b) Find the deceleration of the car, giving your answer in  $m/s^2$ .

[1]

(c) Find the distance travelled by the car during the 30 seconds, giving your answer in metres.





A tram leaves a station and accelerates for 2 **minutes** until it reaches a speed of 12 metres per second. It continues at this speed for 1 minute. It then decelerates for 3 minutes until it stops at the next station. The diagram shows the speed-time graph for this journey.

Calculate the distance, in metres, between the two stations.

[3]







A car starts from rest and accelerates for u seconds until it reaches a speed of 10 m/s. The car then travels at 10 m/s for 2u seconds. The diagram shows the speed-time graph for this journey.

The distance travelled by the car in the first 3u seconds is 125 m.

(a) Find the value of *u*.

(b) Find the acceleration in the first *u* seconds.

[1]

[3]





A container ship travelled at 14 km/h for 8 hours and then slowed down to 9 km/h over a period of 30 minutes.

It travelled at this speed for another 4 hours and then slowed to a stop over 30 minutes.

The speed-time graph shows this voyage.



(a) Calculate the total distance travelled by the ship.



[1]

(b) Calculate the average speed of the ship for the whole voyage.





The graph shows the speed of a truck and a car over 60 seconds.

(a) Calculate the acceleration of the car over the first 45 seconds.

[2]

(b) Calculate the distance travelled by the car while it was travelling faster than the truck.