## Speed, Distance \& Time Difficulty: Easy <br> Question Paper 3

| Level | IGCSE |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject | Maths (0580/0980) |
| Exam Board | CIE |
| Topic | Algebra and graphs |
| Sub-Topic | Speed, Distance \& Time |
| Paper | Paper 2 |
| Difficulty | Easy |
| Booklet | Question Paper 3 |

## Time allowed:

Score:
/26
Percentage: /100

34 minutes

Grade Boundaries:
CIE IGCSE Maths (0580)

| $\mathrm{A}^{*}$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $>88 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ |

CIE IGCSE Maths (0980)

| 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $>94 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $35 \%$ |



The diagram shows the speed-time graph for a boat journey.
(a) Work out the acceleration of the boat in metres / minute ${ }^{2}$.
(b) Calculate the total distance travelled by the boat.

Give your answer in kilometres.


The diagram shows the speed-time graph for part of a car journey.
The speed of the car is shown in kilometres/hour.
Calculate the distance travelled by the car during the 3.5 minutes shown in the diagram. Give your answer in kilometres.


A small car accelerates from $0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ to $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in 6 seconds and then travels at this constant speed. A large car accelerates from $0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ to $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in 10 seconds.

Calculate how much further the small car travels in the first 10 seconds.


The diagram shows the speed-time graph for the first 15 minutes of a train journey.
The train accelerates for 5 minutes and then continues at a constant speed of 40 metres/second.
(a) Calculate the acceleration of the train during the first 5 minutes. Give your answer in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$.
(b) Calculate the average speed for the first 15 minutes of the train journey. Give your answer in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$.

A train leaves Barcelona at 2128 and takes 10 hours and 33 minutes to reach Paris.
(a) Calculate the time the next day when the train arrives inParis.
(b) The distance from Barcelona to Paris is 827 km .

Calculate the average speed of the train in kilometres per hour.


The diagram shows the speed-time graph of a train journey between two stations.
The train accelerates for two minutes, travels at a constant maximum speed, then slows to a stop.
(a) Write down the number of seconds that the train travels at its constant maximum speed.
(b) Calculate the distance between the two stations in metres.
(c) Find the acceleration of the train in the first two minutes. Give your answer in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$.

