Carboxylic Acids, Esters & Acyl Chlorides

Question Paper

Level	A Level
Subject	Chemistry
Exam Board	Edexcel
Торіс	Organic Chemistry II
Sub Topic	Carboxylic Acids, Esters & Acyl Chlorides
Booklet	Question Paper
Paper Type	Multiple Choice

Time Allowed:	42 minutes
Score:	/35
Percentage:	/100

Grade Boundaries:

A*	А	В	С	D	E	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

1 Consider the reaction

 $\mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{COOC}_2\mathsf{H}_5\ +\ \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{OH}\ \rightleftharpoons\ \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{COOCH}_3\ +\ \mathsf{C}_2\mathsf{H}_5\mathsf{OH}$

This is an example of

- A acylation.
- **B** hydrolysis.
- **C** substitution.
- **D** transesterification.

- 2 Polyesters are condensation polymers.
 - (a) PET, polyethylene terephthalate, can be produced from the condensation of ethane-1,2-diol and benzene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid.

Which of the following is the repeat unit of this polymer?









(b) The repeat unit of the biodegradable polymer PHB, is shown below.



This is made from a single monomer which could be

(1)

(1)

- A 2-hydroxybutanoic acid.
- **B** 3-hydroxybutanoic acid.
- **C** 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoic acid.
- **D** 3-hydroxy-3-methylpropanoic acid.

- **3** Consider the four compounds shown below.
 - A CH₃COOCH₃
 - **B** CH₃COOH
 - C CH₃CONHCH₂CH₃
 - D CH₃COCI

Which of these compounds

- (a) will react most vigorously with water?
- (1) X
- B
- 🖾 C
- 🛛 D
- (b) forms methanol when refluxed with aqueous sodium hydroxide?
- ☑ A
 ☑ B
 ☑ C
- D
- (c) has at least one triplet in its high resolution proton nmr spectrum?
- A
 M
 M
 C
 D

(Total for Question = 3 marks)

(1)

(1)

4 Four organic compounds are:

Α	CH ₃ OH	
В	НСНО	
С	НСООН	
D	HCOOCH ₃	
(a)	Which of these compounds has a fruity smell?	(4)
\mathbf{X}	Α	(1)
X	B	
\mathbf{X}	C	
X	D	
(b)	0.01 mol of each compound is added separately to identical volumes of water. Which solution would have the lowest pH?	(1)
\mathbf{X}	Α	
×	В	
X	c	
X	D	
(c)	0.01 mol of each compound is heated separately with excess acidified sodium dichromate(VI) solution. Which compound reduces the largest amount of sodium dichromate(VI)?	(1)
\mathbf{X}	Α	(- /
	D	
<u>(11)</u>	D	
	C	

(d) Which compound has the highest boiling temperature?
(1)
A
C
D
(e) Which of these compounds can be oxidized by ammoniacal silver nitrate?
(1)
A
B
C
D
D

(Total for Question = 5 marks)

5 Ethanoic acid, CH₃COOH, may be prepared from ethanenitrile, CH₃CN. This reaction is best described as

\mathbf{X}	Α	reduction.
\mathbf{X}	В	oxidation.
\mathbf{X}	C	hydrolysis.
\mathbf{X}	D	condensation.

6 Propanoic acid reacts with methanol to form an ester. The structure of the ester is



(Total for Question = 1 mark)

- 7 Transesterification involves the conversion of
 - A esters into different esters.
 - **B** esters into carboxylic acids.
 - **C** *cis* carbon-carbon double bonds to the *trans* arrangement.
 - **D** *trans* carbon-carbon double bonds to the *cis* arrangement.

8 The equation for the reaction between ethanoic acid and phosphorus(V) chloride is

- \square A CH₃COOH + PCl₅ \rightarrow CH₃COCl + POCl₃ + HCl
- \square C CH₃COOH + PCl₅ \rightarrow CH₃COCl + PCl₃ + HOCl
- \square **D** 2CH₃COOH + PCl₅ \rightarrow (\int H₃CO)₂O + PCl₃ + H₂O + Cl₂

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9 An example of a polyester is



(a) The two monomers needed to form this polymer are



(b) The type of reaction to form this polymer is

(1)

- \blacksquare A addition.
- \blacksquare **B** substitution.
- \square C condensation.
- **D** hydrolysis.

10 Which of the following methods would **not** be suitable for measuring the rate of the reaction between methanoic acid and bromine?

 $HCOOH(aq) + Br_2(aq) \rightarrow 2H^+(aq) + 2Br^-(aq) + CO_2(g)$

- A Colorimetry
- **B** Measuring change in electrical conductivity
- C Quenching samples and titrating with acid
- **D** Measuring change in pressure

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

- 11 Ethanoic acid is **not** a product in the reaction of
 - A ethanal with lithium tetrahydridoaluminate.
 - **B** ethanoyl chloride with water.
 - \square C ethyl ethanoate with dilute sulfuric acid.
 - **D** ethanol refluxed with potassium dichromate(VI) and sulfuric acid.

12	T wi	he following methods can be used to distinguish between pairs of organic compounds hout further tests.
	A	Warm each compound with Fehling's or Benedict's solution.
	B	Add solid sodium carbonate to each compound.
	С	Add 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (Brady's reagent) to each compound.
	D	Add water, drop by drop, to each compound.
	(a)	Which test would distinguish propanone from propan-1-ol? (1)
	\times	Α
	\times	В
	\times	C
	X	D
	(b)	Which test would distinguish between aqueous solutions of ethanoic acid and ethanol? (1)
	\times	Α
	\times	В
	\times	C
	\times	D
	(c)	Which test would distinguish ethanoyl chloride from ethanol? (1)
	\times	Α
	X	В
	X	C
	X	D

- 13 Ethanoic acid is **not** a product in the reaction of
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 - \Box C ethyl ethanoate with dilute sulfuric acid.
 - D ethanol refluxed with potassium dichromate(VI) and sulfuric acid.

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

- **14** Ethanoic acid, CH₃COOH, can be converted into ethanoyl chloride, CH₃COCl, by the action of
 - A phosphorus(V) chloride.
 - **B** chlorine.
 - C dilute hydrochloric acid.
 - **D** concentrated hydrochloric acid.

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

15 Which of these is not observed when ethanoyl chloride reacts with water?

- A Misty fumes given off.
- **B** The gas given off turns damp blue litmus paper red.
- \square C The mixture gets hot.
- **D** A white precipitate forms.

16 Butane-1,4-diol, HO(CH₂)₄OH, and benzene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid,

(a) The repeat unit of the polyester is







- (b) The type of reaction is
- A hydrolysis.
- **B** addition.
- \square C substitution.
- **D** condensation.

(1)

(1)

- 17 A compound is known to have either the structure H₂NCH₂CH₂NH₂ or H₂NCH₂COOH. Which of the following tests would best distinguish between the two compounds?
 - A Reaction with concentrated aqueous sodium hydroxide.
 - **B** Reaction with nitrous acid.
 - C Reaction with aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate.
 - **D** Reaction with ethanoyl chloride.

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

18 A section of a polymer is shown below. Which of the following monomers would form this polymer?



- ☑ A HOCH₂CH₂OH and ClCOCH₂CH₂COCl
- **B** HOCH₂CH₂OH and HOOCCH₂CH₂COOH
- \square C ClCH₂CH₂COCl alone
- \square **D** HOCH₂CH₂COOH alone

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This question concerns the following organic compounds.	
A CH ₃ COCl	
B CH ₃ COOH	
C CH ₃ COOCH ₂ CH ₃	
D C ₆ H ₅ OH	
Which compound is most likely to	
(a) form the solution with the lowest pH when mixed with water?	(1)
	(1)
B	
C	
\square D	
(b) burn with a smoky flame?	(1)
	(1)
B	
C	
D	
(c) have a fruity smell?	(1)
	(1)
B	
D	
(d) have an absorption in its IR spectrum at about 1795 cm ⁻¹ ?	(1)
	(1)
B	
C	
\square D	
	Definition of the solution with the lowest pH when mixed with water? A B C a B C b c c c c c c c c c c c d <

- 20 Which of the following molecules is a methyl ester?
 - A CH₃COOCH₂CH₃
 - \square **B** HCOOCH₃
 - \Box C CH₃COCH₂CH₃
 - D CH₃COCl

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

- **21** Which of the following compounds would react with lithium tetrahydridoaluminate (lithium aluminium hydride) **and** also with phosphorus(V) chloride (phosphorus pentachloride)?
 - \square A CH₃CH₂CH₂COOH
 - B CH₃CH₂COCH₃
 - \Box C CH₃CH=CHCH₃
 - \square **D** CH₂=CHCH₂CH₂OH

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

22 In the synthesis of an ester, the use of an acyl chloride and an alcohol gives a better yield than the use of a carboxylic acid and an alcohol.

This is because the reaction between

- A an acyl chloride and an alcohol is an equilibrium.
- **B** an acid and an alcohol goes to completion.
- C an acid and an alcohol requires a catalyst.
- **D** an acyl chloride and an alcohol goes to completion.

23 Which of the following methods may be used in a single step to make carboxylic acids?

- A Hydrolysis of an ester with an alkali.
- **B** Reaction of acidified potassium manganate(VII) with an alkene.
- C Hydrolysis of a nitrile with hydrochloric acid.
- **D** Reaction of an acyl chloride with ammonia.

(Total for Question = 1 mark)

24 The repeat unit of the polyester formed from ethane-1,2-diol, HOCH₂CH₂OH, and



(Total for Question = 1 mark)