

# Variance & standard deviation

## Question Paper 1

<b>Level</b>	A Level
<b>Exam Board</b>	Edexcel
<b>Subject</b>	Mathematics
<b>Module</b>	Mechanics and Statistics
<b>Topic</b>	Location and spread
<b>Sub-Topic</b>	Variance & standard deviation
<b>Booklet</b>	Question paper 1

**Time Allowed:** 40 minutes

**Score:** /32

**Percentage:** /100

### Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

1. *Kaff coffee* is sold in packets. A seller measures the masses of the contents of a random sample of 90 packets of *Kaff coffee* from her stock. The results are shown in the table below.

Mass $w$ (g)	Midpoint $y$ (g)	Frequency (f)
$240 \leq w < 245$	242.5	8
$245 \leq w < 248$	246.5	15
$248 \leq w < 252$	250	35
$252 \leq w < 255$	253.5	23
$255 \leq w < 260$	257.5	9

(You may use  $\sum fy^2 = 5\,644\,171.75$ )

Estimate the mean and the standard deviation of the mass of the contents of a packet of *Kaff coffee* to 1 decimal place. (3)

**(Total 3 marks)**

2. The following grouped frequency distribution summarises the number of minutes, to the nearest minute, that a random sample of 200 motorists were delayed by roadworks on a stretch of motorway.

Delay (mins)	Number of motorists
4—6	15
7—8	28
9	49
10	53
11—12	30
13—15	15
16—20	10

(a) Use interpolation to estimate the median of this distribution. (2)

(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean and an estimate of the standard deviation of these data. (6)

**(Total 8 marks)**

3. Over a period of time, the number of people  $x$  leaving a hotel each morning was recorded. These data are summarised in the stem and leaf diagram below.

Number leaving	3	2 means 32	Totals
2	7 9 9		(3)
3	2 2 3 5 6		(5)
4	0 1 4 8 9		(5)
5	2 3 3 6 6 6 8		(7)
6	0 1 4 5		(4)
7	2 3		(2)
8	1		(1)

For these data,

- (a) write down the mode, (1)

- (b) find the values of the three quartiles. (3)

Given that  $\sum x = 1335$  and  $\sum x^2 = 71801$ , find

- (c) the mean and the standard deviation of these data. (4)

**(Total 8 marks)**

4. Summarised below are the distances, to the nearest mile, travelled to work by a random sample of 120 commuters.

Distance (to the nearest mile)	Number of commuters
0–9	10
10–19	19
20–29	43
30–39	25
40–49	8
50–59	6
60–69	5
70–79	3
80–89	1

For this distribution,

- (a) use linear interpolation to estimate its median. (2)

The mid-point of each class was represented by  $x$  and its corresponding frequency by  $f$  giving

$$\Sigma fx = 3550 \quad \text{and} \quad \Sigma fx^2 = 138020$$

- (b) Estimate the mean and the standard deviation of this distribution. (3)

**(Total 5 marks)**

5. The birth weights, in kg, of 1500 babies are summarised in the table below.

Weight (kg)	Midpoint, $x$ kg	Frequency, $f$
0.0 – 1.0	0.50	1
1.0 – 2.0	1.50	6
2.0 – 2.5	2.25	60
2.5 – 3.0		280
3.0 – 3.5	3.25	820
3.5 – 4.0	3.75	320
4.0 – 5.0	4.50	10
5.0 – 6.0		3

[You may use  $\sum fx = 4841$  and  $\sum fx^2 = 15\,889.5$ ]

Calculate an estimate of the standard deviation of the birth weight.

**(3)**

**(Total 3 marks)**

6. On a randomly chosen day, each of the 32 students in a class recorded the time,  $t$  minutes to the nearest minute, they spent on their homework. The data for the class is summarised in the following table.

Time, $t$	Number of students
10 – 19	2
20 – 29	4
30 – 39	8
40 – 49	11
50 – 69	5
70 – 79	2

- (a) Use interpolation to estimate the value of the median. (2)

Given that

$$\sum t = 1414 \quad \text{and} \quad \sum t^2 = 69\,378$$

- (b) find the mean and the standard deviation of the times spent by the students on their homework. (3)

**(Total 5 marks)**